



Census Profile, 2021 Census of Population

# Profile table

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
<b>Population and dwellings</b>		
Population, 2021 <sup>1</sup>		1,627
Population, 2016 <sup>1</sup>		1,337
Population percentage change, 2016 to 2021		21.7
Total private dwellings <sup>2</sup>		1,400
Private dwellings occupied by usual residents <sup>3</sup>		797
Population density per square kilometre		3.1
Land area in square kilometres		529.57
<b>Age characteristics</b>		
Total - Age groups of the population - 100% data		1,630
0 to 14 years		150
0 to 4 years		25
5 to 9 years		45
10 to 14 years		75
15 to 64 years		870
15 to 19 years		55
20 to 24 years		45
25 to 29 years		35
30 to 34 years		50
35 to 39 years		80

	<b>Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ</b>	
	<b>British Columbia</b>	
	<b>[Census subdivision]</b>	
	<b>Counts</b>	
<b>Characteristic</b>	<b>Total</b>	
40 to 44 years		65
45 to 49 years		100
50 to 54 years		80
55 to 59 years		150
60 to 64 years		205
65 years and over		610
65 to 69 years		220
70 to 74 years		185
75 to 79 years		115
80 to 84 years		50
85 years and over		40
85 to 89 years		30
90 to 94 years		5
95 to 99 years		0
100 years and over		0
Total - Distribution (%) of the population by broad age groups - 100% data		100.0
0 to 14 years		9.2
15 to 64 years		53.4
65 years and over		37.4
85 years and over		2.5
Average age of the population		53.6
Median age of the population		60.0
<b>Household and dwelling characteristics</b>		
Total - Occupied private dwellings by structural type of dwelling - 100% data		795
Single-detached house		705

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Semi-detached house		0
Row house		0
Apartment or flat in a duplex		0
Apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys		0
Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys		0
Other single-attached house		0
Movable dwelling <sup>4</sup>		85
Total - Private households by household size - 100% data		800
1 person		265
2 persons		370
3 persons		90
4 persons		45
5 or more persons		30
Number of persons in private households		1,600
Average household size		2.0
<b>Marital status</b>		
Total - Marital status for the total population aged 15 years and over - 100% data		1,480
Married or living common-law		960
Married		780
Living common-law		180
Living common law - Never married		100
Living common law - Separated		5

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Living common law - Divorced		55
Living common law - Widowed		15
Not married and not living common-law		520
Not married and not living common law - Never married		230
Not married and not living common law - Separated		35
Not married and not living common law - Divorced		105
Not married and not living common law - Widowed		150
<b>Family characteristics</b>		
Total - Census families in private households by family size - 100% data ❷		525
2 persons		380
3 persons		80
4 persons		45
5 or more persons		15
Average size of census families		2.4
Average number of children in census families with children ❸		1.5
Total number of census families in private households - 100% data		525
Total couple families		470
Married couples		385
With children ❹		105
Without children		280

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Common-law couples		90
With children ❷		25
Without children		65
Total one-parent families		50
in which the parent is a woman+		35
in which the parent is a man+		15
Total - Persons in private households - 100% data		1,600
Total - Persons in census families		1,280
Married spouses or common-law partners		945
Parents in one-parent families		55
Children ❷		280
In a two-parent family		210
In a one-parent family		70
Total - Persons not in census families in private households - 100% data		325
Living alone		260
Living with other relatives ❸		20
Living with non-relatives only		40
<b>Household type</b>		
Total - Household type - 100% data		800
One-census-family households without additional persons		490

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) <sup>①</sup> British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Couple-family households		445
With children <sup>⑥</sup>		120
Without children		325
One-parent-family households		45
Multigenerational households <sup>⑧</sup>		10
Multiple-census-family households <sup>⑨</sup>		0
One-census-family households with additional persons <sup>⑨</sup>		25
Two-or-more-person non-census-family households		15
One-person households		265
<b>Income of individuals in 2020</b>		
Total - Income statistics in 2020 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 100% data <sup>10</sup>		1,455
Number of total income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 100% data		1,435
Median total income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		37,600
Number of after-tax income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 100% data		1,435
Median after-tax income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		34,800

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Number of market income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 100% data		1,300
Median market income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		27,400
Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 100% data		805
Median employment income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		23,200
Number of government transfers recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 100% data		1,245
Median government transfers in 2020 among recipients (\$)		14,300
Number of employment insurance benefits recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 100% data		135
Median employment insurance benefits in 2020 among recipients (\$)		6,080
Number of COVID-19 emergency and recovery benefits recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 100% data		255
Median COVID-19 emergency and recovery benefits in 2020 among recipients (\$)		8,000

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Total - Income statistics in 2020 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data <sup>11</sup>		1,470
Number of total income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 25% sample data		1,440
Average total income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		49,240
Number of after-tax income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 25% sample data		1,440
Average after-tax income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		41,520
Number of market income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 25% sample data		1,325
Average market income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		41,680
Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 25% sample data		850
Average employment income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		37,200
Number of government transfers recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 25% sample data		1,275

	<b>Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ</b>	
	<b>British Columbia</b>	
	<b>[Census subdivision]</b>	
	<b>Counts</b>	
<b>Characteristic</b>	<b>Total</b>	
Average government transfers in 2020 among recipients (\$)		12,260
Number of employment insurance benefits recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 25% sample data		110
Average employment insurance benefits in 2020 among recipients (\$)		7,300
Number of COVID-19 emergency and recovery benefits recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 25% sample data		310
Average COVID-19 emergency and recovery benefits in 2020 among recipients (\$)		8,100
Total - Employment income statistics in 2020 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data <sup>12</sup>		1,470
Number of employment income recipients in 2020 who worked full-year full-time in 2020 - 25% sample data <sup>13</sup>		225
Median employment income in 2020 for full-year full-time workers in 2020 (\$) <sup>14</sup>		61,200
Average employment income in 2020 for full-year full-time workers in 2020 (\$) <sup>15</sup>		75,500

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]
	Counts
	Total
Number of employment income recipients in 2020 who worked part-year or part-time in 2020 - 25% sample data <sup>16</sup>	450
Median employment income in 2020 of those who worked part-year or part-time in 2020 (\$)	15,200
Average employment income in 2020 of those who worked part-year or part-time in 2020 (\$)	28,100
Composition of total income in 2020 of the population aged 15 years and over in private households (%) - 25% sample data <sup>17</sup>	100.0
Market income (%) <sup>18</sup>	78.0
Employment income (%) <sup>19</sup>	44.6
Government transfers (%) <sup>20</sup>	22.1
Employment insurance benefits (%)	1.1
COVID-19 - Government income support and benefits (%)	4.6
COVID-19 - Emergency and recovery benefits (%)	3.5
Total - Total income groups in 2020 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 100% data <sup>21</sup>	1,450
Without total income	20
With total income	1,430
Under \$10,000 (including loss)	120

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
\$10,000 to \$19,999		205
\$20,000 to \$29,999		240
\$30,000 to \$39,999		190
\$40,000 to \$49,999		185
\$50,000 to \$59,999		135
\$60,000 to \$69,999		80
\$70,000 to \$79,999		70
\$80,000 to \$89,999		45
\$90,000 to \$99,999		25
\$100,000 and over		125
\$100,000 to \$149,999		80
\$150,000 and over		45
Total - After-tax income groups in 2020 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 100% data <sup>22</sup>		1,450
Without after-tax income		20
With after-tax income		1,430
Under \$10,000 (including loss)		135
\$10,000 to \$19,999		210
\$20,000 to \$29,999		260
\$30,000 to \$39,999		250
\$40,000 to \$49,999		195
\$50,000 to \$59,999		110
\$60,000 to \$69,999		90
\$70,000 to \$79,999		45
\$80,000 to \$89,999		40
\$90,000 to \$99,999		15

	<b>Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶</b>	
	<b>British Columbia</b>	
	<b>[Census subdivision]</b>	
	<b>Counts</b>	
<b>Characteristic</b>	<b>Total</b>	
\$100,000 and over		80
\$100,000 to \$124,999		50
\$125,000 and over		35
Total - Employment income groups in 2020 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 100% data <sup>19</sup>		1,450
Without employment income		650
With employment income		805
Under \$5,000 (including loss)		205
\$5,000 to \$9,999		65
\$10,000 to \$19,999		105
\$20,000 to \$29,999		65
\$30,000 to \$39,999		70
\$40,000 to \$49,999		60
\$50,000 to \$59,999		60
\$60,000 to \$69,999		40
\$70,000 to \$79,999		25
\$80,000 to \$89,999		15
\$90,000 to \$99,999		20
\$100,000 and over		70
\$100,000 to \$124,999		35
\$125,000 and over		40
<b>Income of individuals in 2019</b>		
Total - Income statistics in 2019 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 100% data <sup>23</sup>		1,455

	<b>Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]</b>
	<b>Counts</b>
<b>Characteristic</b>	<b>Total</b>
Number of total income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 100% data	1,415
Median total income in 2019 among recipients (\$)	36,000
Number of after-tax income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 100% data	1,415
Median after-tax income in 2019 among recipients (\$)	32,800
Number of market income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 100% data	1,305
Median market income in 2019 among recipients (\$)	29,600
Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 100% data	905
Median employment income in 2019 among recipients (\$)	23,400
Number of government transfers recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 100% data	1,115
Median government transfers in 2019 among recipients (\$)	11,700
Number of employment insurance benefits recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 -100% data	115

	<b>Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]</b>
	<b>Counts</b>
<b>Characteristic</b>	<b>Total</b>
Median employment insurance benefits in 2019 among recipients (\$)	6,000
Total - Income statistics in 2019 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data <sup>24</sup>	1,470
Number of total income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 25% sample data	1,430
Average total income in 2019 among recipients (\$)	51,450
Number of after-tax income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 25% sample data	1,435
Average after-tax income in 2019 among recipients (\$)	43,280
Number of market income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 25% sample data	1,355
Average market income in 2019 among recipients (\$)	46,000
Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 25% sample data	950
Average employment income in 2019 among recipients (\$)	41,200

	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
Characteristic	Total	
Number of government transfers recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 25% sample data	1,115	
Average government transfers in 2019 among recipients (\$)	10,200	
Number of employment insurance benefits recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 25% sample data	115	
Average employment insurance benefits in 2019 among recipients (\$)	6,200	
Total - Employment income statistics in 2019 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data <sup>25</sup>	1,470	
Number of employment income recipients in 2019 who worked full-year full-time in 2020 - 25% sample data <sup>13</sup>	225	
Median employment income in 2019 for full-year full-time workers in 2020 (\$) <sup>14</sup>	58,800	
Average employment income in 2019 for full-year full-time workers in 2020 (\$) <sup>15</sup>	75,500	
Number of employment income recipients in 2019 who worked part-year or part-time in 2020 - 25% sample data <sup>16</sup>	445	

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Median employment income in 2019 of those who worked part-year or part-time in 2020 (\$)		22,000
Average employment income in 2019 of those who worked part-year or part-time in 2020 (\$)		33,800
Composition of total income in 2019 of the population aged 15 years and over in private households (%) - 25% sample data		100.0
Market income (%)		84.6
Employment income (%)		53.2
Government transfers (%)		15.5
Employment insurance benefits (%)		1.0
<b>Income of households in 2020</b>		
Total - Income statistics for private households - 100% data <sup>26</sup>		800
Median total income of household in 2020 (\$)		67,500
Median after-tax income of household in 2020 (\$)		62,000
Total - Income statistics for one-person private households - 100% data		265
Median total income of one-person households in 2020 (\$)		37,600
Median after-tax income of one-person households in 2020 (\$)		35,200

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Total - Income statistics for two-or-more-persons private households - 100% data		535
Median total income of two-or-more-person households in 2020 (\$)		85,000
Median after-tax income of two-or-more-person households in 2020 (\$)		75,500
Total - Income statistics for private households - 25% sample data <sup>27</sup>		800
Average total income of household in 2020 (\$)		89,000
Average after-tax income of household in 2020 (\$)		75,000
Total - Income statistics for one-person private households - 25% sample data		235
Average total income of one-person households in 2020 (\$)		46,800
Average after-tax income of one-person households in 2020 (\$)		36,000
Total - Income statistics for two-or-more-persons private households - 25% sample data		560
Average total income of two-or-more-person households in 2020 (\$)		106,400
Average after-tax income of two-or-more-person households in 2020 (\$)		91,200

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Total - Household total income groups in 2020 for private households - 100% data <sup>21</sup>		800
Under \$5,000		5
\$5,000 to \$9,999		5
\$10,000 to \$14,999		15
\$15,000 to \$19,999		35
\$20,000 to \$24,999		30
\$25,000 to \$29,999		20
\$30,000 to \$34,999		25
\$35,000 to \$39,999		50
\$40,000 to \$44,999		35
\$45,000 to \$49,999		40
\$50,000 to \$59,999		70
\$60,000 to \$69,999		70
\$70,000 to \$79,999		50
\$80,000 to \$89,999		65
\$90,000 to \$99,999		45
\$100,000 and over		225
\$100,000 to \$124,999		80
\$125,000 to \$149,999		40
\$150,000 to \$199,999		65
\$200,000 and over		45
Total - Household after-tax income groups in 2020 for private households - 100% data <sup>22</sup>		800
Under \$5,000		5
\$5,000 to \$9,999		10
\$10,000 to \$14,999		15

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
\$15,000 to \$19,999		40
\$20,000 to \$24,999		35
\$25,000 to \$29,999		25
\$30,000 to \$34,999		40
\$35,000 to \$39,999		45
\$40,000 to \$44,999		45
\$45,000 to \$49,999		55
\$50,000 to \$59,999		70
\$60,000 to \$69,999		85
\$70,000 to \$79,999		70
\$80,000 to \$89,999		60
\$90,000 to \$99,999		40
\$100,000 and over		165
\$100,000 to \$124,999		60
\$125,000 to \$149,999		45
\$150,000 and over		65
<b>Income of economic families in 2020</b>		
Total - Income statistics for economic families in private households - 100% data <sup>28</sup>		520
Median total income of economic family in 2020 (\$)		86,000
Median after-tax income of economic family in 2020 (\$)		76,000
Average family size of economic families		2.5
Total - Income statistics for couple-only economic families in private households - 100% data		330

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Median total income of couple-only economic families in 2020 (\$)		80,000
Median after-tax income of couple-only economic families in 2020 (\$)		72,000
Average family size of couple-only economic families		2.0
Total - Income statistics for couple-with-children economic families in private households - 100% data		130
Median total income of couple-with-children economic families in 2020 (\$)		132,000
Median after-tax income of couple-with-children economic families in 2020 (\$)		114,000
Average family size of couple-with-children economic families		3.8
Total - Income statistics for one-parent economic families in private households - 100% data		50
Median total income of one-parent economic families in 2020 (\$)		66,000
Median after-tax income of one-parent economic families in 2020 (\$)		62,400
Average family size of one-parent economic families		2.4
Total - Income statistics for persons aged 15 years and over not in economic families in private households - 100% data <sup>29</sup>		300

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Median total income in 2020 (\$) <sup>30</sup>		37,200
Median after-tax income in 2020 (\$) <sup>30</sup>		34,800
Total - Income statistics for economic families in private households - 25% sample data <sup>31</sup>		555
Average total income of economic family in 2020 (\$)		106,400
Average after-tax income of economic family in 2020 (\$)		91,200
Total - Income statistics for couple-only economic families in private households - 25% sample data		385
Average total income of couple-only economic families in 2020 (\$)		86,800
Average after-tax income of couple-only economic families in 2020 (\$)		76,400
Total - Income statistics for couple-with-children economic families in private households - 25% sample data		125
Average total income of couple-with-children economic families in 2020 (\$)		172,000
Average after-tax income of couple-with-children economic families in 2020 (\$)		140,000
Total - Income statistics for one-parent economic families in private households - 25% sample data		45

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Average total income of one-parent economic families in 2020 (\$)		80,000
Average after-tax income of one-parent economic families in 2020 (\$)		72,000
Total - Income statistics for persons aged 15 years and over not in economic families in private households - 25% sample data <sup>32</sup>		255
Average total income in 2020 (\$) <sup>30</sup>		46,800
Average after-tax income in 2020 (\$) <sup>30</sup>		36,400
<b>Low income and income inequality in 2020</b>		
Total - LIM low-income status in 2020 for the population in private households - 100% data <sup>33</sup>		1,605
0 to 17 years		190
0 to 5 years		35
18 to 64 years		810
65 years and over		605
In low income based on the Low-income measure, after tax (LIM-AT)		195
0 to 17 years		15
0 to 5 years		5
18 to 64 years		100
65 years and over		80
Prevalence of low income based on the Low-income measure, after tax (LIM-AT) (%)		12.2

	<b>Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶</b>	
	<b>British Columbia</b>	
	<b>[Census subdivision]</b>	
	<b>Counts</b>	
<b>Characteristic</b>	<b>Total</b>	
0 to 17 years (%)		9.0
0 to 5 years (%)	x.(suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act)	
18 to 64 years (%)		12.2
65 years and over (%)		13.2
Total - LICO low-income status in 2020 for the population in private households to whom the low-income concept is applicable - 100% data <sup>33</sup>		1,600
0 to 17 years		185
0 to 5 years		35
18 to 64 years		810
65 years and over		605
In low income based on the Low-income cut-offs, after tax (LICO-AT)		50
0 to 17 years		5
0 to 5 years		0
18 to 64 years		40
65 years and over		5
Prevalence of low income based on the Low-income cut-offs, after tax (LICO-AT) (%)		3.1
0 to 17 years (%)	x.(suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act)	
0 to 5 years (%)	x.(suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act)	
18 to 64 years (%)		5.0
65 years and over (%)		0.8
Total - Adjusted after-tax economic family income decile group for the population in private households - 100% data <sup>34</sup> ⚠		1,600

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
In bottom half of the distribution		890
In bottom decile		180
In second decile		180
In third decile		180
In fourth decile		185
In fifth decile		170
In top half of the distribution		710
In sixth decile		170
In seventh decile		145
In eighth decile		135
In ninth decile		110
In top decile		145
Total - Inequality measures for the population in private households - 100% data <sup>35</sup>		1,600
Gini index on adjusted household total income		0.338
Gini index on adjusted household market income		0.475
Gini index on adjusted household after-tax income		0.297
P90/P10 ratio on adjusted household after-tax income		4.0
<b>Knowledge of official languages</b>		
Total - Knowledge of official languages for the total population excluding institutional residents - 100% data <sup>36</sup>		1,630
English only		1,565
French only		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
English and French		65
Neither English nor French		0
<b>First official language spoken</b>		
Total - First official language spoken for the total population excluding institutional residents - 100% data <sup>37</sup>		1,630
English		1,615
French		15
English and French		0
Neither English nor French		0
<b>Mother tongue</b>		
Total - Mother tongue for the total population excluding institutional residents - 100% data <sup>38</sup>		1,630
Single responses		1,620
Official languages		1,520
English		1,505
French		15
Non-official languages		100
Indigenous languages <sup>39</sup>		0
Algonquian languages		0
Blackfoot		0
Cree-Innu languages		0
Atikamekw		0
Cree languages		0
Ililimowin (Moose Cree)		0
Inu Ayimun (Southern East Cree)		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Iyiyiw-Ayimiwin (Northern East Cree)		0
Nehinawewin (Swampy Cree)		0
Nehiyawewin (Plains Cree)		0
Nihithawiwin (Woods Cree)		0
Cree, n.o.s.		0
Innu (Montagnais)		0
Naskapi		0
Eastern Algonquian languages		0
Mi'kmaq		0
Wolastoqewi (Malecite)		0
Ojibway-Potawatomi languages		0
Anicinabemowin (Algonquin)		0
Oji-Cree		0
Ojibway languages		0
Anishinaabemowin (Chippewa)		0
Daawaamwin (Odawa)		0
Saulteau (Western Ojibway)		0
Ojibway, n.o.s.		0
Algonquian languages, n.i.e.		0
Athabaskan languages		0
Northern Athabaskan languages		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Dakelh (Carrier)		0
Dane-zaa (Beaver)		0
Dene, n.o.s.		0
Gwich'in		0
Slavey-Hare languages		0
Deh Gah Ghotie Zhatie (South Slavey)		0
Satuotine Yati (North Slavey)		0
Slavey, n.o.s.		0
Tahltan languages		0
Kaska (Nahani)		0
Tahltan		0
Tlicho (Dogrib)		0
Tse'khene (Sekani)		0
Tsilhqot'in (Chilcotin)		0
Tsuu T'ina (Sarsi)		0
Tutchone languages		0
Northern Tutchone		0
Southern Tutchone		0
Tutchone, n.o.s.		0
Wetsuwet'en-Babine		0
Tlingit		0
Athabaskan languages, n.i.e.		0
Haida		0
Inuktut (Inuit) languages		0
Inuinnaqtun (Inuvialuktun)		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Inuinnaqtun		0
Inuvialuktun		0
Inuktitut		0
Inuktitut (Inuit) languages, n.i.e.		0
Iroquoian languages		0
Cayuga		0
Mohawk		0
Oneida		0
Iroquoian languages, n.i.e.		0
Ktunaxa (Kutenai)		0
Michif		0
Salish languages		0
Halkomelem		0
Lillooet		0
Ntlakapamux (Thompson)		0
Secwepemctsin (Shuswap)		0
Squamish		0
Straits		0
Syilx (Okanagan)		0
Salish languages, n.i.e.		0
Siouan languages		0
Assiniboine		0
Dakota		0
Stoney		0
Siouan languages, n.i.e.		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Tsimshian languages		0
Gitksan (Gitksan)		0
Nisga'a		0
Tsimshian		0
Wakashan languages		0
Haisla		0
Heiltsuk		0
Kwak'wala (Kwakiutl)		0
Nuu-chah-nulth (Nootka)		0
Wakashan languages, n.i.e.		0
Indigenous languages, n.i.e.		0
Indigenous languages, n.o.s.		0
Non-Indigenous languages		100
Afro-Asiatic languages		0
Berber languages		0
Kabyle		0
Tamazight		0
Berber languages, n.i.e.		0
Chadic languages		0
Hausa		0
Mina		0
Coptic		0
Cushitic languages		0
Bilen		0
Oromo		0
Somali		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Cushitic languages, n.i.e.		0
Semitic languages		0
Amharic		0
Arabic		0
Aramaic languages		0
Assyrian Neo-Aramaic		0
Chaldean Neo-Aramaic		0
Aramaic, n.o.s.		0
Harari		0
Hebrew		0
Maltese		0
Tigrigna		0
Semitic languages, n.i.e.		0
Austro-Asiatic languages		0
Khmer (Cambodian)		0
Vietnamese		0
Austro-Asiatic languages, n.i.e		0
Austronesian languages		0
Bikol		0
Bisaya, n.o.s.		0
Cebuano		0
Fijian		0
Hiligaynon		0
Ilocano		0
Indonesian		0
Kankanaey		0
Kinaray-a		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Malagasy languages		0
Merina		0
Malagasy, n.o.s.		0
Malay		0
Pampangan (Kapampangan, Pampango)		0
Pangasinan		0
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)		0
Waray-Waray		0
Austronesian languages, n.i.e.		0
Creole languages		0
Haitian Creole		0
Jamaican English Creole		0
Krio		0
Morisyen		0
Sango		0
Creole, n.o.s.		0
Creole languages, n.i.e.		0
Dravidian languages		0
Kannada		0
Malayalam		0
Tamil		0
Telugu		0
Tulu		0
Dravidian languages, n.i.e.		0
Georgian		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Hmong-Mien languages		0
Indo-European languages		90
Albanian		0
Armenian		0
Balto-Slavic languages		20
Baltic languages		0
Latvian		0
Lithuanian		0
Slavic languages		20
Belarusian		0
Bulgarian		0
Czech		0
Macedonian		0
Polish		0
Russian		10
Rusyn		0
Serbo-Croatian		0
Bosnian		0
Croatian		0
Serbian		0
Serbo-Croatian, n.i.e.		0
Slovak		0
Slovene (Slovenian)		0
Ukrainian		0
Slavic languages, n.i.e.		0
Celtic languages		0
Irish		0
Scottish Gaelic		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Welsh		0
Celtic languages, n.i.e.		0
Germanic languages		40
Frisian		0
High German languages		25
German		25
Pennsylvania German		0
Swiss German		0
Yiddish		0
Low Saxon-Low Franconian languages		20
Afrikaans		0
Dutch		15
Low German, n.o.s.		0
Low Saxon		0
Plautdietsch		5
Vlaams (Flemish)		0
Scandinavian languages		0
Danish		0
Icelandic		0
Norwegian		0
Swedish		0
Germanic languages, n.i.e.		0
Greek		0
Indo-Iranian languages		0
Indo-Aryan languages		0
Assamese		0
Bengali		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Gujarati		0
Hindi		0
Kacchi		0
Kashmiri		0
Konkani		0
Marathi		0
Nepali		0
Oriya languages		0
Odia		0
Oriya, n.o.s.		0
Punjabi (Panjabi)		0
Rohingya		0
Sindhi		0
Sinhala (Sinhalese)		0
Urdu		0
Indo-Aryan languages, n.i.e.		0
Iranian languages		0
Baluchi		0
Kurdish		0
Parsi		0
Pashto		0
Persian languages		0
Dari		0
Iranian Persian		0
Persian (Farsi), n.o.s.		0
Iranian languages, n.i.e.		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Indo-Iranian languages, n.i.e.		0
Italic (Romance) languages		25
Catalan		0
Italian		10
Portuguese		5
Romanian		0
Spanish		5
Italic (Romance) languages, n.i.e.		0
Indo-European languages, n.i.e.		0
Japanese		0
Korean		0
Mongolian		0
Niger-Congo languages		0
Akan (Twi)		0
Bamanankan		0
Edo		0
Éwé		0
Fulah (Pular, Pulaar, Fulfulde)		0
Ga		0
Ganda		0
Gikuyu		0
Igbo		0
Kinyarwanda (Rwanda)		0
Lingala		0
Luba-Kasai		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Mòoré		0
Mwani		0
Ndebele		0
Rundi (Kirundi)		0
Shona		0
Soninke		0
Sotho-Tswana languages		0
Swahili		0
Wojenaka		0
Wolof		0
Yoruba		0
Niger-Congo languages, n.i.e.		0
Nilo-Saharan languages		0
Dinka		0
Nuer		0
Nilo-Saharan languages, n.i.e.		0
African, n.o.s.		0
Sign languages		0
American Sign Language		0
Quebec Sign Language		0
Sign languages, n.i.e.		0
Sino-Tibetan languages		0
Chinese languages		0
Hakka		0
Mandarin		0
Min Dong		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Min Nan (Chaochow, Teochow, Fukien, Taiwanese)		0
Wu (Shanghainese)		0
Yue (Cantonese)		0
Chinese, n.o.s.		0
Chinese languages, n.i.e.		0
Tibeto-Burman languages		0
Burmese		0
Kuki-Chin languages		0
Karenic languages		0
S'gaw Karen		0
Karenic languages, n.i.e.		0
Tibetan		0
Tibeto-Burman languages, n.i.e.		0
Sino-Tibetan languages, n.i.e.		0
Tai-Kadai languages		5
Lao		0
Thai		5
Tai-Kadai languages, n.i.e.		0
Turkic languages		0
Azerbaijani		0
Kazakh		0
Turkish		0
Uyghur		0

	<b>Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶</b>	
	<b>British Columbia</b>	
	<b>[Census subdivision]</b>	
	<b>Counts</b>	
<b>Characteristic</b>	<b>Total</b>	
Uzbek		0
Turkic languages, n.i.e.		0
Uralic languages		0
Estonian		0
Finnish		0
Hungarian		0
Other languages, n.i.e.		0
Multiple responses		10
English and French		5
English and non-official language(s)		5
French and non-official language(s)		0
English, French and non-official language(s)		0
Multiple non-official languages		0
<b>All languages spoken at home</b>		
Total - All languages spoken at home for the total population excluding institutional residents - 100% data <sup>40</sup>		1,630
English		1,560
French		5
Non-official language		5
Indigenous <sup>39</sup>		0
Non-Indigenous		5
English and French		5
English and non-official language(s)		55

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
French and non-official language(s)		0
English, French and non-official language(s)		0
Multiple non-official languages		0
<b>Language spoken most often at home</b>		
Total - Language spoken most often at home for the total population excluding institutional residents - 100% data <sup>41</sup>		1,630
Single responses		1,620
Official languages		1,615
English		1,610
French		5
Non-official languages		10
Indigenous languages <sup>39</sup>		0
Algonquian languages		0
Blackfoot		0
Cree-Innu languages		0
Atikamekw		0
Cree languages		0
Ililimowin (Moose Cree)		0
Inu Ayimun (Southern East Cree)		0
Iyiyiw-Ayimiwin (Northern East Cree)		0
Nehinawewin (Swampy Cree)		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Nehiyawewin (Plains Cree)		0
Nihithawiwin (Woods Cree)		0
Cree, n.o.s.		0
Innu (Montagnais)		0
Naskapi		0
Eastern Algonquian languages		0
Mi'kmaq		0
Wolastoqewi (Malecite)		0
Ojibway-Potawatomi languages		0
Anicinabemowin (Algonquin)		0
Oji-Cree		0
Ojibway languages		0
Anishinaabemowin (Chippewa)		0
Daawaamwin (Odawa)		0
Saulteau (Western Ojibway)		0
Ojibway, n.o.s.		0
Algonquian languages, n.i.e.		0
Athabaskan languages		0
Northern Athabaskan languages		0
Dakelh (Carrier)		0
Dane-zaa (Beaver)		0
Dene, n.o.s.		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Gwich'in		0
Slavey-Hare languages		0
Deh Gah Ghotie Zhatie (South Slavey)		0
Satuotine Yati (North Slavey)		0
Slavey, n.o.s.		0
Tahltan languages		0
Kaska (Nahani)		0
Tahltan		0
Tlicho (Dogrib)		0
Tse'khene (Sekani)		0
Tsilhqot'in (Chilcotin)		0
Tsuu T'ina (Sarsi)		0
Tutchone languages		0
Northern Tutchone		0
Southern Tutchone		0
Tutchone, n.o.s.		0
Wetsuwet'en-Babine		0
Tlingit		0
Athabaskan languages, n.i.e.		0
Haida		0
Inuktut (Inuit) languages		0
Inuinnaqtun (Inuvialuktun)		0
Inuinnaqtun		0
Inuvialuktun		0
Inuktitut		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Inuktut (Inuit) languages, n.i.e.		0
Iroquoian languages		0
Cayuga		0
Mohawk		0
Oneida		0
Iroquoian languages, n.i.e.		0
Ktunaxa (Kutenai)		0
Michif		0
Salish languages		0
Halkomelem		0
Lillooet		0
Ntlakapamux (Thompson)		0
Secwepemctsin (Shuswap)		0
Squamish		0
Straits		0
Syilx (Okanagan)		0
Salish languages, n.i.e.		0
Siouan languages		0
Assiniboine		0
Dakota		0
Stoney		0
Siouan languages, n.i.e.		0
Tsimshian languages		0
Gitxsan (Gitksan)		0
Nisga'a		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Tsimshian		0
Wakashan languages		0
Haisla		0
Heiltsuk		0
Kwak'wala (Kwakiutl)		0
Nuu-chah-nulth (Nootka)		0
Wakashan languages, n.i.e.		0
Indigenous languages, n.i.e.		0
Indigenous languages, n.o.s.		0
Non-Indigenous languages		10
Afro-Asiatic languages		0
Berber languages		0
Kabyle		0
Tamazight		0
Berber languages, n.i.e.		0
Chadic languages		0
Hausa		0
Mina		0
Coptic		0
Cushitic languages		0
Bilen		0
Oromo		0
Somali		0
Cushitic languages, n.i.e.		0
Semitic languages		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Amharic		0
Arabic		0
Aramaic languages		0
Assyrian Neo-Aramaic		0
Chaldean Neo-Aramaic		0
Aramaic, n.o.s.		0
Harari		0
Hebrew		0
Maltese		0
Tigrigna		0
Semitic languages, n.i.e.		0
Austro-Asiatic languages		0
Khmer (Cambodian)		0
Vietnamese		0
Austro-Asiatic languages, n.i.e		0
Austronesian languages		0
Bikol		0
Bisaya, n.o.s.		0
Cebuano		0
Fijian		0
Hiligaynon		0
Ilocano		0
Indonesian		0
Kankanaey		0
Kinaray-a		0
Malagasy languages		0
Merina		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Malagasy, n.o.s.		0
Malay		0
Pampangan (Kapampangan, Pampango)		0
Pangasinan		0
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)		0
Waray-Waray		0
Austronesian languages, n.i.e.		0
Creole languages		0
Haitian Creole		0
Jamaican English Creole		0
Krio		0
Morisyen		0
Sango		0
Creole, n.o.s.		0
Creole languages, n.i.e.		0
Dravidian languages		0
Kannada		0
Malayalam		0
Tamil		0
Telugu		0
Tulu		0
Dravidian languages, n.i.e.		0
Georgian		0
Hmong-Mien languages		0
Indo-European languages		10

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Albanian		0
Armenian		0
Balto-Slavic languages		5
Baltic languages		0
Latvian		0
Lithuanian		0
Slavic languages		5
Belarusian		0
Bulgarian		0
Czech		0
Macedonian		0
Polish		0
Russian		0
Rusyn		0
Serbo-Croatian		0
Bosnian		0
Croatian		0
Serbian		0
Serbo-Croatian, n.i.e.		0
Slovak		0
Slovene (Slovenian)		0
Ukrainian		0
Slavic languages, n.i.e.		0
Celtic languages		0
Irish		0
Scottish Gaelic		0
Welsh		0
Celtic languages, n.i.e.		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Germanic languages		0
Frisian		0
High German languages		0
German		0
Pennsylvania German		0
Swiss German		0
Yiddish		0
Low Saxon-Low Franconian languages		0
Afrikaans		0
Dutch		0
Low German, n.o.s.		0
Low Saxon		0
Plautdietsch		0
Vlaams (Flemish)		0
Scandinavian languages		0
Danish		0
Icelandic		0
Norwegian		0
Swedish		0
Germanic languages, n.i.e.		0
Greek		0
Indo-Iranian languages		0
Indo-Aryan languages		0
Assamese		0
Bengali		0
Gujarati		0
Hindi		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Kacchi		0
Kashmiri		0
Konkani		0
Marathi		0
Nepali		0
Oriya languages		0
Odia		0
Oriya, n.o.s.		0
Punjabi (Panjabi)		0
Rohingya		0
Sindhi		0
Sinhala (Sinhalese)		0
Urdu		0
Indo-Aryan languages, n.i.e.		0
Iranian languages		0
Baluchi		0
Kurdish		0
Parsi		0
Pashto		0
Persian languages		0
Dari		0
Iranian Persian		0
Persian (Farsi), n.o.s.		0
Iranian languages, n.i.e.		0
Indo-Iranian languages, n.i.e.		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Italic (Romance) languages		0
Catalan		0
Italian		0
Portuguese		0
Romanian		0
Spanish		0
Italic (Romance) languages, n.i.e.		0
Indo-European languages, n.i.e.		0
Japanese		0
Korean		0
Mongolian		0
Niger-Congo languages		0
Akan (Twi)		0
Bamanankan		0
Edo		0
Éwé		0
Fulah (Pular, Pulaar, Ffulfulde)		0
Ga		0
Ganda		0
Gikuyu		0
Igbo		0
Kinyarwanda (Rwanda)		0
Lingala		0
Luba-Kasai		0
Mòoré		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Mwani		0
Ndebele		0
Rundi (Kirundi)		0
Shona		0
Soninke		0
Sotho-Tswana languages		0
Swahili		0
Wojenaka		0
Wolof		0
Yoruba		0
Niger-Congo languages, n.i.e.		0
Nilo-Saharan languages		0
Dinka		0
Nuer		0
Nilo-Saharan languages, n.i.e.		0
African, n.o.s.		0
Sign languages		0
American Sign Language		0
Quebec Sign Language		0
Sign languages, n.i.e.		0
Sino-Tibetan languages		0
Chinese languages		0
Hakka		0
Mandarin		0
Min Dong		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Min Nan (Chaochow, Teochow, Fukien, Taiwanese)		0
Wu (Shanghainese)		0
Yue (Cantonese)		0
Chinese, n.o.s.		0
Chinese languages, n.i.e.		0
Tibeto-Burman languages		0
Burmese		0
Kuki-Chin languages		0
Karenic languages		0
S'gaw Karen		0
Karenic languages, n.i.e.		0
Tibetan		0
Tibeto-Burman languages, n.i.e.		0
Sino-Tibetan languages, n.i.e.		0
Tai-Kadai languages		0
Lao		0
Thai		0
Tai-Kadai languages, n.i.e.		0
Turkic languages		0
Azerbaijani		0
Kazakh		0
Turkish		0
Uyghur		0

	<b>Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶</b>	
	<b>British Columbia</b>	
	<b>[Census subdivision]</b>	
	<b>Counts</b>	
<b>Characteristic</b>	<b>Total</b>	
Uzbek		0
Turkic languages, n.i.e.		0
Uralic languages		0
Estonian		0
Finnish		0
Hungarian		0
Other languages, n.i.e.		0
Multiple responses		10
English and French		0
English and non-official language(s)		10
French and non-official language(s)		0
English, French and non-official language(s)		0
Multiple non-official languages		0
<b>Other language spoken regularly at home</b>		
Total - Other language(s) spoken regularly at home for the total population excluding institutional residents - 100% data <sup>42</sup>		1,630
None		1,575
English		5
French		5
Non-official language		40
Indigenous <sup>39</sup>		0
Non-Indigenous		40
English and French		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
English and non-official language(s)		0
French and non-official language(s)		0
English, French and non-official language(s)		0
Multiple non-official languages		5
<b>Knowledge of languages</b> ⚠		
Total - Knowledge of languages for the population in private households - 25% sample data <sup>43</sup>		1,600
Official languages		1,600
English		1,600
French		70
Non-official languages		135
Indigenous languages <sup>39</sup>		0
Algonquian languages		0
Blackfoot		0
Cree-Innu languages		0
Atikamekw		0
Cree languages		0
Ililimowin (Moose Cree)		0
Inu Ayimun (Southern East Cree)		0
Iyiyiw-Ayimiwin (Northern East Cree)		0
Nehinawewin (Swampy Cree)		0
Nehiyawewin (Plains Cree)		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Nihithawiwin (Woods Cree)		0
Cree, n.o.s.		0
Innu (Montagnais)		0
Naskapi		0
Eastern Algonquian languages		0
Mi'kmaq		0
Wolastoqewi (Malecite)		0
Ojibway-Potawatomi languages		0
Anicinabemowin (Algonquin)		0
Oji-Cree		0
Ojibway languages		0
Anishinaabemowin (Chippewa)		0
Daawaamwin (Odawa)		0
Saulteau (Western Ojibway)		0
Ojibway, n.o.s.		0
Algonquian languages, n.i.e.		0
Athabaskan languages		0
Northern Athabaskan languages		0
Dakelh (Carrier)		0
Dane-zaa (Beaver)		0
Dene, n.o.s.		0
Gwich'in		0
Slavey-Hare languages		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Deh Gah Ghotie Zhatie (South Slavey)		0
Satuotine Yati (North Slavey)		0
Slavey, n.o.s.		0
Tahltan languages		0
Kaska (Nahani)		0
Tahltan		0
Tlichó (Dogrib)		0
Tse'khene (Sekani)		0
Tsilhqot'in (Chilcotin)		0
Tsuu T'ina (Sarsi)		0
Tutchone languages		0
Northern Tutchone		0
Southern Tutchone		0
Tutchone, n.o.s.		0
Wetsuwet'en-Babine		0
Tlingit		0
Athabaskan languages, n.i.e.		0
Haida		0
Inuktut (Inuit) languages		0
Inuinnaqtun (Inuvialuktun)		0
Inuinnaqtun		0
Inuvialuktun		0
Inuktitut		0
Inuktut (Inuit) languages, n.i.e.		0
Iroquoian languages		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Cayuga		0
Mohawk		0
Oneida		0
Iroquoian languages, n.i.e.		0
Ktunaxa (Kutenai)		0
Michif		0
Salish languages		0
Halkomelem		0
Lillooet		0
Ntlakapamux (Thompson)		0
Secwepemctsin (Shuswap)		0
Squamish		0
Straits		0
Syilx (Okanagan)		0
Salish languages, n.i.e.		0
Siouan languages		0
Assiniboine		0
Dakota		0
Stoney		0
Siouan languages, n.i.e.		0
Tsimshian languages		0
Gitksan (Gitksan)		0
Nisga'a		0
Tsimshian		0
Wakashan languages		0
Haisla		0
Heiltsuk		0
Kwak'wala (Kwakiutl)		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Nuu-chah-nulth (Nootka)		0
Wakashan languages, n.i.e.		0
Indigenous languages, n.i.e.		0
Indigenous languages, n.o.s.		0
Non-Indigenous languages		135
Afro-Asiatic languages		0
Berber languages		0
Kabyle		0
Tamazight		0
Berber languages, n.i.e.		0
Chadic languages		0
Hausa		0
Mina		0
Coptic		0
Cushitic languages		0
Bilen		0
Oromo		0
Somali		0
Cushitic languages, n.i.e.		0
Semitic languages		0
Amharic		0
Arabic		0
Aramaic languages		0
Assyrian Neo-Aramaic		0
Chaldean Neo-Aramaic		0
Aramaic, n.o.s.		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Harari		0
Hebrew		0
Maltese		0
Tigrigna		0
Semitic languages, n.i.e.		0
Austro-Asiatic languages		0
Khmer (Cambodian)		0
Vietnamese		0
Austro-Asiatic languages, n.i.e		0
Austronesian languages		0
Bikol		0
Bisaya, n.o.s.		0
Cebuano		0
Fijian		0
Hiligaynon		0
Ilocano		0
Indonesian		0
Kankanaey		0
Kinaray-a		0
Malagasy languages		0
Merina		0
Malagasy, n.o.s.		0
Malay		0
Pampangan (Kapampangan, Pampango)		0
Pangasinan		0
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Waray-Waray		0
Austronesian languages, n.i.e.		0
Creole languages		0
Haitian Creole		0
Jamaican English Creole		0
Krio		0
Morisyen		0
Sango		0
Creole, n.o.s.		0
Creole languages, n.i.e.		0
Dravidian languages		0
Kannada		0
Malayalam		0
Tamil		0
Telugu		0
Tulu		0
Dravidian languages, n.i.e.		0
Georgian		0
Hmong-Mien languages		0
Indo-European languages		125
Albanian		0
Armenian		0
Balto-Slavic languages		25
Baltic languages		0
Latvian		0
Lithuanian		0
Slavic languages		25

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Belarusian		0
Bulgarian		0
Czech		0
Macedonian		0
Polish		0
Russian		20
Rusyn		0
Serbo-Croatian		0
Bosnian		0
Croatian		0
Serbian		0
Serbo-Croatian, n.i.e.		0
Slovak		0
Slovene (Slovenian)		0
Ukrainian		10
Slavic languages, n.i.e.		0
Celtic languages		0
Irish		0
Scottish Gaelic		0
Welsh		0
Celtic languages, n.i.e.		0
Germanic languages		45
Frisian		0
High German languages		40
German		40
Pennsylvania German		0
Swiss German		0
Yiddish		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Low Saxon-Low Franconian languages		0
Afrikaans		0
Dutch		0
Low German, n.o.s.		0
Low Saxon		0
Plautdietsch		0
Vlaams (Flemish)		0
Scandinavian languages		0
Danish		0
Icelandic		0
Norwegian		0
Swedish		0
Germanic languages, n.i.e.		0
Greek		0
Indo-Iranian languages		0
Indo-Aryan languages		0
Assamese		0
Bengali		0
Gujarati		0
Hindi		0
Kacchi		0
Kashmiri		0
Konkani		0
Marathi		0
Nepali		0
Oriya languages		0
Odia		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Oriya, n.o.s.		0
Punjabi (Panjabi)		0
Rohingya		0
Sindhi		0
Sinhala (Sinhalese)		0
Urdu		0
Indo-Aryan languages, n.i.e.		0
Iranian languages		0
Baluchi		0
Kurdish		0
Parsi		0
Pashto		0
Persian languages		0
Dari		0
Iranian Persian		0
Persian (Farsi), n.o.s.		0
Iranian languages, n.i.e.		0
Indo-Iranian languages, n.i.e.		0
Italic (Romance) languages		40
Catalan		0
Italian		0
Portuguese		0
Romanian		0
Spanish		35
Italic (Romance) languages, n.i.e.		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Indo-European languages, n.i.e.		0
Japanese		0
Korean		0
Mongolian		0
Niger-Congo languages		0
Akan (Twi)		0
Bamanankan		0
Edo		0
Éwé		0
Fulah (Pular, Pulaar, Fulfulde)		0
Ga		0
Ganda		0
Gikuyu		0
Igbo		0
Kinyarwanda (Rwanda)		0
Lingala		0
Luba-Kasai		0
Mòoré		0
Mwani		0
Ndebele		0
Rundi (Kirundi)		0
Shona		0
Soninke		0
Sotho-Tswana languages		0
Swahili		0
Wojenaka		0
Wolof		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Yoruba		0
Niger-Congo languages, n.i.e.		0
Nilo-Saharan languages		0
Dinka		0
Nuer		0
Nilo-Saharan languages, n.i.e.		0
African, n.o.s.		0
Sign languages		0
American Sign Language		0
Quebec Sign Language		0
Sign languages, n.i.e.		0
Sino-Tibetan languages		0
Chinese languages		0
Hakka		0
Mandarin		0
Min Dong		0
Min Nan (Chaochow, Teochow, Fukien, Taiwanese)		0
Wu (Shanghainese)		0
Yue (Cantonese)		0
Chinese, n.o.s.		0
Chinese languages, n.i.e.		0
Tibeto-Burman languages		0
Burmese		0
Kuki-Chin languages		0
Karenic languages		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
S'gaw Karen		0
Karenic languages, n.i.e.		0
Tibetan		0
Tibeto-Burman languages, n.i.e.		0
Sino-Tibetan languages, n.i.e.		0
Tai-Kadai languages		0
Lao		0
Thai		0
Tai-Kadai languages, n.i.e.		0
Turkic languages		0
Azerbaijani		0
Kazakh		0
Turkish		0
Uyghur		0
Uzbek		0
Turkic languages, n.i.e.		0
Uralic languages		0
Estonian		0
Finnish		0
Hungarian		0
Other languages, n.i.e.		0
<b>Indigenous population</b>		
Total - Indigenous identity for the population in private households - 25% sample data <sup>44</sup>		1,605
Indigenous identity <sup>45</sup>		95

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Single Indigenous responses <sup>46</sup>		95
First Nations (North American Indian)		30
Métis		55
Inuk (Inuit)		0
Multiple Indigenous responses <sup>47</sup>		0
Indigenous responses not included elsewhere <sup>48</sup>		0
Non-Indigenous identity		1,505
Total - Registered or Treaty Indian status for the population in private households - 25% sample data <sup>44</sup>		1,605
Registered or Treaty Indian <sup>49</sup>		10
Not a Registered or Treaty Indian		1,590
<b>Household characteristics</b>		
Total - Private households by tenure - 25% sample data <sup>50</sup>		795
Owner		725
Renter		75
Dwelling provided by the local government, First Nation or Indian band		0
Total - Occupied private dwellings by condominium status - 25% sample data <sup>51</sup>		795
Condominium		15
Not condominium		785

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Total - Occupied private dwellings by number of bedrooms - 25% sample data <sup>52</sup>		795
No bedrooms		0
1 bedroom		65
2 bedrooms		280
3 bedrooms		280
4 or more bedrooms		160
Total - Occupied private dwellings by number of rooms - 25% sample data <sup>53</sup>		795
1 to 4 rooms		165
5 rooms		135
6 rooms		165
7 rooms		120
8 or more rooms		210
Average number of rooms per dwelling		6.3
Total - Private households by number of persons per room - 25% sample data <sup>54</sup>		795
One person or fewer per room		795
More than one person per room		0
Total - Private households by housing suitability - 25% sample data <sup>55</sup>		795
Suitable		785
Not suitable		20

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Total - Occupied private dwellings by period of construction - 25% sample data <sup>56</sup>		795
1960 or before		115
1961 to 1980		215
1981 to 1990		95
1991 to 2000		150
2001 to 2005		50
2006 to 2010		70
2011 to 2015		45
2016 to 2021 <sup>57</sup>		65
Total - Occupied private dwellings by dwelling condition - 25% sample data <sup>58</sup>		795
Only regular maintenance and minor repairs needed		740
Major repairs needed		60
Total - Private households by number of household maintainers - 25% sample data <sup>59</sup>		795
One-maintainer household		395
Two-maintainer household		385
Three-or-more-maintainer household		20
Total - Private households by age of primary household maintainers - 25% sample data <sup>60</sup>		795
15 to 24 years		0
25 to 34 years		35
35 to 44 years		65

	<b>Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶</b>	
	<b>British Columbia</b>	
	<b>[Census subdivision]</b>	
	<b>Counts</b>	
<b>Characteristic</b>	<b>Total</b>	
45 to 54 years		80
55 to 64 years		210
65 to 74 years		265
75 to 84 years		100
85 years and over		30
Total - Owner and tenant households with household total income greater than zero, in non-farm, non-reserve private dwellings by shelter-cost-to-income ratio - 25% sample data <sup>61</sup>		790
Spending less than 30% of income on shelter costs		675
Spending 30% or more of income on shelter costs		110
30% to less than 100%		100
Total - Occupied private dwellings by housing indicators - 25% sample data <sup>62</sup>		795
Total - Households 'spending 30% or more of income on shelter costs' or 'not suitable' or 'major repairs needed'		160
Spending 30% or more of income on shelter costs only		95
Not suitable only		15
Major repairs needed only		40
'Spending 30% or more of income on shelter costs' and 'not suitable'		0
'Spending 30% or more of income on shelter costs' and 'major repairs needed'		15

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
'Not suitable' and 'major repairs needed'		0
'Spending 30% or more of income on shelter costs' and 'not suitable' and 'major repairs needed'		0
Acceptable housing		635
Total - Owner and tenant households with household total income greater than zero and shelter-cost-to-income ratio less than 100%, in non-farm, non-reserve private dwellings - 25% sample data <sup>63</sup>		780
In core need		90
Not in core need		690
Total - Owner households in non-farm, non-reserve private dwellings - 25% sample data		720
% of owner households with a mortgage <sup>64</sup>		44.4
% of owner households spending 30% or more of its income on shelter costs <sup>61</sup>		13.3
% in core housing need <sup>63</sup>		10.6
Median monthly shelter costs for owned dwellings (\$) <sup>65</sup>		612
Average monthly shelter costs for owned dwellings (\$) <sup>65</sup>		948
Median value of dwellings (\$) <sup>66</sup>		448,000
Average value of dwellings (\$) <sup>66</sup>		600,000

	<b>Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ</b>	
	<b>British Columbia</b>	
	<b>[Census subdivision]</b>	
	<b>Counts</b>	
<b>Characteristic</b>	<b>Total</b>	
Total - Tenant households in non-farm, non-reserve private dwellings - 25% sample data		75
% of tenant households in subsidized housing <sup>67</sup>		0.0
% of tenant households spending 30% or more of its income on shelter costs <sup>61</sup>		0.0
% in core housing need <sup>63</sup>		0.0
Median monthly shelter costs for rented dwellings (\$) <sup>65</sup>		1,000
Average monthly shelter costs for rented dwellings (\$) <sup>65</sup>		960
Total - Households living in a dwelling provided by the local government, First Nation or Indian band in non-farm private dwellings - 25% sample data		0
% of households living in a dwelling provided by the local government, First Nation or Indian band spending more than 30% on shelter costs <sup>61</sup>		....(not applicable)
Median monthly shelter costs for dwellings provided by local government, First Nation or Indian band (\$) <sup>65</sup>		....(not applicable)
Average monthly shelter costs for dwellings provided by local government, First Nation or Indian band (\$) <sup>65</sup>		....(not applicable)
<b>Indigenous ancestry</b>		
Total - Indigenous ancestry for the population in private households - 25% sample data <sup>68</sup>		1,600

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Indigenous ancestry (only) ❷		10
Single Indigenous ancestry (only) ❸		10
First Nations (North American Indian) single ancestry		0
Métis single ancestry		0
Inuit single ancestry		0
Multiple Indigenous ancestries (only) ❹		0
First Nations (North American Indian) and Métis ancestry only		0
First Nations (North American Indian) and Inuit ancestry only		0
Métis and Inuit ancestry only		0
First Nations (North American Indian) and Métis and Inuit ancestry only		0
Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries ❺		95
Single Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries ❻		95
First Nations (North American Indian) and non-Indigenous ancestry only		55
Métis and non-Indigenous ancestry only		35
Inuit and non-Indigenous ancestry only		0
Multiple Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries ❼		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
First Nations (North American Indian) and Métis and non-Indigenous ancestry only		0
First Nations (North American Indian) and Inuit and non-Indigenous ancestry only		0
Métis and Inuit and non-Indigenous ancestry only		0
First Nations (North American Indian) and Métis and Inuit and non-Indigenous ancestry only		0
Non-Indigenous ancestry only <sup>75</sup>		1,505
<b>Citizenship</b>		
Total - Citizenship for the population in private households - 25% sample data <sup>76</sup>		1,600
Canadian citizens <sup>77</sup>		1,590
Canadian citizens aged under 18		165
Canadian citizens aged 18 and over		1,420
Not Canadian citizens <sup>78</sup>		10
<b>Immigrant status and period of immigration</b>		
Total - Immigrant status and period of immigration for the population in private households - 25% sample data <sup>79</sup>		1,600
Non-immigrants <sup>80</sup>		1,475
Immigrants <sup>81</sup>		125

	<b>Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ</b>	
	<b>British Columbia</b>	
	<b>[Census subdivision]</b>	
	<b>Counts</b>	
<b>Characteristic</b>	<b>Total</b>	
Before 1980		75
1980 to 1990		15
1991 to 2000		0
2001 to 2010		20
2011 to 2021 <sup>82</sup>		0
2011 to 2015		0
2016 to 2021		0
Non-permanent residents <sup>83</sup>		0
<b>Age at immigration</b>		
Total - Age at immigration for the immigrant population in private households - 25% sample data <sup>84</sup>		125
Under 5 years		25
5 to 14 years		30
15 to 24 years		15
25 to 44 years		40
45 years and over		15
<b>Selected places of birth for the immigrant population</b>		
Total - Place of birth for the immigrant population in private households - 25% sample data <sup>85</sup>		125
Americas		45
Brazil		0
Colombia		0
El Salvador		0
Guyana		0
Haiti		0
Jamaica		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) <sup>85</sup>	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Mexico		0
Peru		0
Trinidad and Tobago		0
United States of America		40
Other places of birth in Americas		0
Europe		60
Bosnia and Herzegovina		0
Croatia		0
France		0
Germany		20
Greece		0
Hungary		0
Italy		0
Netherlands		0
Poland		0
Portugal		0
Romania		0
Russian Federation		0
Serbia <sup>86</sup>		0
Ukraine		0
United Kingdom <sup>87</sup>		25
Other places of birth in Europe		0
Africa		0
Algeria		0
Congo, Democratic Republic of the		0
Egypt		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Eritrea		0
Ethiopia		0
Morocco		0
Nigeria		0
Somalia		0
South Africa, Republic of		0
Other places of birth in Africa		0
Asia		15
Afghanistan		0
Iran <sup>88</sup>		0
Iraq		0
Lebanon		0
Syria <sup>89</sup>		0
Turkey		0
China <sup>90</sup>		0
Hong Kong <sup>91</sup>		0
Korea, South <sup>92</sup>		0
Taiwan		0
Philippines		0
Viet Nam		0
Bangladesh		0
India		0
Pakistan		0
Sri Lanka		0
Other places of birth in Asia		0
Oceania and other places of birth <sup>93</sup>		0
<b>Selected places of birth for the recent immigrant population</b>		

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Total - Place of birth for the recent immigrant population in private households - 25% sample data <sup>94</sup>		0
Americas		0
Brazil		0
Colombia		0
Haiti		0
Jamaica		0
Mexico		0
United States of America		0
Venezuela <sup>95</sup>		0
Other places of birth in Americas		0
Europe		0
France		0
Germany		0
Ireland <sup>96</sup>		0
Italy		0
Russian Federation		0
Ukraine		0
United Kingdom <sup>87</sup>		0
Other places of birth in Europe		0
Africa		0
Algeria		0
Burundi		0
Cameroon		0
Congo, Democratic Republic of the		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) <sup>1</sup>	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Côte d'Ivoire		0
Egypt		0
Eritrea		0
Ethiopia		0
Morocco		0
Nigeria		0
Somalia		0
South Africa, Republic of		0
Sudan <sup>97</sup>		0
Tunisia		0
Other places of birth in Africa		0
Asia		0
Afghanistan		0
Bangladesh		0
China <sup>90</sup>		0
Hong Kong <sup>91</sup>		0
India		0
Iran <sup>88</sup>		0
Iraq		0
Israel		0
Japan		0
Jordan		0
Korea, South <sup>92</sup>		0
Lebanon		0
Nepal		0
Pakistan		0
Philippines		0

	<b>Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ</b>	
	<b>British Columbia</b>	
	<b>[Census subdivision]</b>	
	<b>Counts</b>	
<b>Characteristic</b>	<b>Total</b>	
Saudi Arabia		0
Sri Lanka		0
Syria <sup>89</sup>		0
Turkey		0
United Arab Emirates		0
Viet Nam		0
Other places of birth in Asia		0
Oceania and other <sup>93</sup>		0
Australia		0
Other places of birth <sup>98</sup>		0
<b>Generation status</b>		
Total - Generation status for the population in private households - 25% sample data <sup>99</sup>		1,605
First generation <sup>100</sup>		150
Second generation <sup>101</sup>		315
Third generation or more <sup>102</sup>		1,135
<b>Admission category and applicant type</b>		
Total - Admission category and applicant type for the immigrant population in private households who were admitted between 1980 and 2021 - 25% sample data <sup>103</sup>		50
Economic immigrants <sup>104</sup>		35
Principal applicants <sup>105</sup>		20
Secondary applicants <sup>106</sup>		20
Immigrants sponsored by family <sup>107</sup>		15
Refugees <sup>108</sup>		0

	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
Characteristic	Total	
Other immigrants <sup>109</sup>	0	
<b>Pre-admission experience</b>		
Total - Pre-admission experience for the immigrant population in private households who were admitted between 1980 and 2021 - 25% sample data <sup>110</sup>	50	
Asylum claim before admission <sup>111</sup>	0	
Work permits only before admission <sup>112</sup>	0	
Study permits only before admission <sup>113</sup>	0	
Work and study permits before admission <sup>114</sup>	0	
Other permits before admission <sup>115</sup>	0	
No pre-admission experience <sup>116</sup>	40	
<b>Visible minority</b>		
Total - Visible minority for the population in private households - 25% sample data <sup>117</sup>	1,605	
Total visible minority population <sup>118</sup>	20	
South Asian	0	
Chinese	0	
Black	0	
Filipino	15	
Arab	0	
Latin American	0	

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Southeast Asian		0
West Asian		0
Korean		0
Japanese		0
Visible minority, n.i.e. <sup>119</sup>		0
Multiple visible minorities		0
Not a visible minority <sup>120</sup>		1,580
<b>Ethnic or cultural origin</b>		
Total - Ethnic or cultural origin for the population in private households - 25% sample data <sup>121</sup>		1,600
Canadian		155
English		640
Irish		370
Scottish		485
French, n.o.s. <sup>122</sup>		130
German		300
Chinese		0
Italian		90
Indian (India)		0
Ukrainian		125
Dutch		70
Polish		60
Québécois		0
British Isles, n.o.s. <sup>123</sup>		45
Filipino		15
French Canadian		10
Caucasian (White), n.o.s. <sup>124</sup>		20

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
First Nations (North American Indian), n.o.s. <sup>125</sup>		35
Métis		40
European, n.o.s. <sup>126</sup>		0
Russian		155
Norwegian		80
Welsh		60
Portuguese		0
American		65
Spanish		15
Swedish		75
Hungarian		45
Acadian		0
Pakistani		0
African, n.o.s. <sup>127</sup>		0
Jewish		10
Punjabi		15
Vietnamese		0
Arab, n.o.s. <sup>128</sup>		0
Greek		0
Jamaican		0
Asian, n.o.s. <sup>129</sup>		0
Cree, n.o.s. <sup>130</sup>		0
Korean		0
Romanian		0
Lebanese		0
Iranian		0
Christian, n.i.e. <sup>131</sup>		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Danish		50
North American Indigenous, n.o.s. <sup>132</sup>		25
Sikh		0
Austrian		15
Belgian		10
Haitian		0
Hindu		0
Mexican		0
Mennonite		0
Swiss		0
Finnish		10
Sri Lankan		0
Croatian		0
Japanese		0
South Asian, n.o.s. <sup>133</sup>		0
Mi'kmaq, n.o.s. <sup>134</sup>		0
Northern European, n.o.s. <sup>135</sup>		15
Muslim		0
Egyptian		0
Latin, Central or South American, n.o.s. <sup>136</sup>		0
Tamil		0
Icelandic		15
Colombian		0
Moroccan		0
Czech		0
Syrian		0
Guyanese		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Afghan		0
Black, n.o.s. <sup>137</sup>		0
Serbian		0
Ojibway		0
Newfoundlander		0
Hong Konger		0
Ontarian		0
Persian		0
Trinidadian/Tobagonian		0
Turkish		0
Inuit, n.o.s. <sup>138</sup>		0
Bangladeshi		0
Algerian		0
Brazilian		0
Nigerian		0
Armenian		0
Slovak		15
Eastern European, n.o.s. <sup>139</sup>		0
Somali		0
Taiwanese		0
Iraqi		0
Salvadorean		0
African Caribbean		0
East or Southeast Asian, n.o.s. <sup>140</sup>		0
West or Central Asian or Middle Eastern, n.o.s. <sup>141</sup>		0
Caribbean, n.o.s. <sup>142</sup>		0
Algonquin		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
West Indian, n.o.s. <sup>143</sup>		0
Lithuanian		20
South African		0
Australian		10
Palestinian		0
Chilean		0
Congolese		0
Nova Scotian		0
Ethiopian		0
Hispanic, n.o.s. <sup>144</sup>		0
Peruvian		0
Yoruba		0
Cambodian (Khmer)		0
Berber		0
Albanian		0
Maltese		0
Macedonian		0
Slovenian		0
Western European, n.o.s. <sup>145</sup>		0
New Brunswicker		0
Gujarati		0
Eritrean		0
African Canadian		0
Israeli		0
Mohawk		0
Czechoslovakian, n.o.s. <sup>146</sup>		0
Bulgarian		0
Albertan		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Ghanaian		0
Barbadian		0
African American		0
Yugoslavian, n.o.s. <sup>147</sup>		0
Tunisian		0
Slavic, n.o.s. <sup>148</sup>		0
Cuban		0
Bosnian		0
Venezuelan		0
Innu/Montagnais, n.o.s. <sup>149</sup>		0
Latvian		0
Bengali		0
Cameroonian		0
Guatemalan		0
Indonesian		0
Laotian		0
Ilocano		0
Northern Irish		0
Celtic, n.o.s. <sup>150</sup>		0
British Columbian		0
Ecuadorian		0
Franco Ontarian		0
Argentinian		0
Estonian		0
Kurdish		0
Fijian		0
Jatt		0
North American, n.o.s. <sup>151</sup>		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Coptic		0
Thai		0
Dominican		0
Nepali		0
Kabyle		0
Assyrian		0
Igbo		0
Byelorussian		0
Dene, n.o.s. <sup>152</sup>		0
Blackfoot, n.o.s. <sup>153</sup>		0
Abenaki		0
Moldovan		0
Iroquois (Haudenosaunee), n.o.s. <sup>154</sup>		0
New Zealander		0
Sudanese		0
Breton		0
Pennsylvania Dutch		0
Malaysian		0
Plains Cree		0
North African, n.o.s. <sup>155</sup>		0
Huron (Wendat)		0
Saskatchewanian		0
Buddhist		0
Gaspesian		0
Norman		0
Southern or East African, n.o.s. <sup>156</sup>		0
Ivorian		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Saulteaux		0
Anishinaabe, n.o.s. <sup>157</sup>		0
Burundian		0
Tigrinya		0
Nicaraguan		0
Mauritian		0
Kenyan		0
Oji-Cree		0
Vincentian		0
Jordanian		0
Manitoban		0
Cape Bretoner		0
Rwandan		0
Grenadian		0
Malayali		0
Chaldean		0
Sinhalese		0
Mayan		0
Honduran		0
Cherokee		0
Qalipu Mi'kmaq		0
Indo-Caribbean		0
Flemish		0
United Empire Loyalist		0
Senegalese		0
Azerbaijani		0
Sicilian		0
Pashtun		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Malay		0
Goan		0
Bantu, n.o.s. <sup>158</sup>		0
Tibetan		0
Zimbabwean		0
Burmese		0
Mongolian		0
Azorean		0
Atikamekw		0
Bamileke		0
Indo-Guyanese		0
Ugandan		0
Oromo		0
Tanzanian		0
Yemeni		0
Central African		0
Libyan		0
Basque		0
Uruguayan		0
Akan, n.o.s. <sup>159</sup>		0
Central or West African, n.o.s. <sup>160</sup>		0
Igorot		0
Fulani		0
Woodland Cree		0
Guinean		0
St. Lucian		0
Prince Edward Islander		0

	<b>Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ</b>	
	<b>British Columbia</b>	
	<b>[Census subdivision]</b>	
	<b>Counts</b>	
<b>Characteristic</b>	<b>Total</b>	
Maliseet		0
Beninese		0
Telugu		0
Roma		0
Costa Rican		0
African Nova Scotian		0
Malagasy		0
Kashmiri		0
Singaporean		0
Karen		0
Edo		0
Tajik		0
Amhara		0
Paraguayan		0
<b>Religion</b>		
Total - Religion for the population in private households - 25% sample data <sup>161</sup>		1,605
Buddhist		0
Christian		550
Christian, n.o.s. <sup>162</sup>		130
Anabaptist		0
Anglican		100
Baptist		0
Catholic		115
Christian Orthodox		10
Jehovah's Witness		0
Latter Day Saints		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Lutheran		40
Methodist and Wesleyan (Holiness)		25
Pentecostal and other Charismatic		0
Presbyterian		0
Reformed		0
United Church		110
Other Christian and Christian-related traditions		10
Hindu		0
Jewish		0
Muslim		0
Sikh		0
Traditional (North American Indigenous) spirituality		0
Other religions and spiritual traditions		15
No religion and secular perspectives		1,025
<b>Mobility status 1 year ago</b>		
Total - Mobility status 1 year ago - 25% sample data <sup>163</sup>		1,600
Non-movers		1,400
Movers		200
Non-migrants		50
Migrants		150
Internal migrants		150
Intraprovincial migrants		70
Interprovincial migrants		80

	<b>Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]</b>
	<b>Counts</b>
<b>Characteristic</b>	<b>Total</b>
External migrants	0
<b>Mobility status 5 years ago</b>	
Total - Mobility status 5 years ago - 25% sample data <sup>164</sup>	1,585
Non-movers	855
Movers	725
Non-migrants	165
Migrants	555
Internal migrants	545
Intraprovincial migrants	370
Interprovincial migrants	175
External migrants	10
<b>Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate</b>	
Total - Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data <sup>165</sup>	1,470
No high school diploma or equivalency certificate	240
With high school diploma or equivalency certificate <sup>166</sup>	1,235
Total - Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate for the population aged 25 to 64 years in private households - 25% sample data <sup>165</sup>	785
No high school diploma or equivalency certificate	70
With high school diploma or equivalency certificate <sup>166</sup>	720

	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
Characteristic	Total	
<b>Highest certificate, diploma or degree</b>		
Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data <sup>165</sup>	1,470	
No certificate, diploma or degree	185	
High (secondary) school diploma or equivalency certificate <sup>167</sup>	475	
Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	810	
Postsecondary certificate or diploma below bachelor level	540	
Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma	220	
Non-apprenticeship trades certificate or diploma <sup>168</sup>	70	
Apprenticeship certificate <sup>169</sup>	150	
College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma <sup>170</sup>	265	
University certificate or diploma below bachelor level	55	
Bachelor's degree or higher	275	
Bachelor's degree	175	
University certificate or diploma above bachelor level	30	
Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine or optometry	15	

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Master's degree		60
Earned doctorate <sup>171</sup>		0
Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree for the population aged 25 to 64 years in private households - 25% sample data <sup>165</sup>		790
No certificate, diploma or degree		50
High (secondary) school diploma or equivalency certificate <sup>167</sup>		265
Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree		480
Postsecondary certificate or diploma below bachelor level		310
Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma		115
Non-apprenticeship trades certificate or diploma <sup>168</sup>		40
Apprenticeship certificate <sup>169</sup>		75
College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma <sup>170</sup>		160
University certificate or diploma below bachelor level		35
Bachelor's degree or higher		165
Bachelor's degree		115
University certificate or diploma above bachelor level		0

	<b>Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶</b>	
	<b>British Columbia</b>	
	<b>[Census subdivision]</b>	
	<b>Counts</b>	
<b>Characteristic</b>	<b>Total</b>	
Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine or optometry		10
Master's degree		40
Earned doctorate <sup>171</sup>		0
<b>Major field of study - Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) 2021</b>		
Total - Major field of study - Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) 2021 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data <sup>172</sup>		1,470
No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree <sup>173</sup>		655
Education		90
13. Education		90
Visual and performing arts, and communications technologies		0
10. Communications technologies/technicians and support services		0
50. Visual and performing arts		0
Humanities		30
16. Indigenous and foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics		0
23. English language and literature/letters		20
24. Liberal arts and sciences, general studies and humanities		10
30A Interdisciplinary humanities <sup>174</sup>		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
38. Philosophy and religious studies		0
39. Theology and religious vocations		0
54. History		0
55. French language and literature/lettersCAN		0
Social and behavioural sciences and law		40
05. Area, ethnic, cultural, gender, and group studies		0
09. Communication, journalism and related programs		0
19. Family and consumer sciences/human sciences		0
22. Legal professions and studies		0
30B Interdisciplinary social and behavioural sciences <sup>175</sup>		0
42. Psychology		15
45. Social sciences		30
Business, management and public administration		155
30.16 Accounting and computer science		0
44. Public administration and social service professions		0
52. Business, management, marketing and related support services		155
Physical and life sciences and technologies		25

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
26. Biological and biomedical sciences		10
30.01 Biological and physical sciences		10
30C Other interdisciplinary physical and life sciences <sup>176</sup>		0
40. Physical sciences		0
41. Science technologies/technicians		0
Mathematics, computer and information sciences		15
11. Computer and information sciences and support services		15
25. Library science		0
27. Mathematics and statistics		0
30D Interdisciplinary mathematics, computer and information sciences <sup>177</sup>		0
Architecture, engineering, and related trades		230
04. Architecture and related services		0
14. Engineering		35
15. Engineering/engineering-related technologies/technicians		30
30.12 Historic preservation and conservation		0
46. Construction trades		65
47. Mechanic and repair technologies/technicians		60

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
48. Precision production		30
Agriculture, natural resources and conservation		20
01. Agricultural and veterinary sciences/services/operations and related fields <sup>178</sup>		10
03. Natural resources and conservation		10
Health and related fields		125
30.37 Design for human health		0
31. Parks, recreation, leisure, fitness, and kinesiology		20
51. Health professions and related programs <sup>178</sup>		105
60. Health professions residency/fellowship programs		0
61. Medical residency/fellowship programs		0
Personal, protective and transportation services		75
12. Culinary, entertainment, and personal services		30
28. Military science, leadership and operational art		0
29. Military technologies and applied sciences		0
43. Security and protective services		25
49. Transportation and materials moving		20

	<b>Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]</b>	
	<b>Counts</b>	
<b>Characteristic</b>	<b>Total</b>	
Other <sup>179</sup>		0
Total - Major field of study - Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) 2021 for the population aged 25 to 64 years in private households - 25% sample data <sup>172</sup>		790
No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree <sup>173</sup>		310
Education		40
13. Education		40
Visual and performing arts, and communications technologies		0
10. Communications technologies/technicians and support services		0
50. Visual and performing arts		0
Humanities		25
16. Indigenous and foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics		0
23. English language and literature/letters		15
24. Liberal arts and sciences, general studies and humanities		0
30A Interdisciplinary humanities <sup>174</sup>		0
38. Philosophy and religious studies		0
39. Theology and religious vocations		0
54. History		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
55. French language and literature/lettersCAN		0
Social and behavioural sciences and law		35
05. Area, ethnic, cultural, gender, and group studies		0
09. Communication, journalism and related programs		0
19. Family and consumer sciences/human sciences		0
22. Legal professions and studies		0
30B Interdisciplinary social and behavioural sciences <sup>175</sup>		0
42. Psychology		10
45. Social sciences		20
Business, management and public administration		105
30.16 Accounting and computer science		0
44. Public administration and social service professions		0
52. Business, management, marketing and related support services		105
Physical and life sciences and technologies		20
26. Biological and biomedical sciences		10
30.01 Biological and physical sciences		15
30C Other interdisciplinary physical and life sciences <sup>176</sup>		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
40. Physical sciences		0
41. Science technologies/technicians		0
Mathematics, computer and information sciences		10
11. Computer and information sciences and support services		10
25. Library science		0
27. Mathematics and statistics		0
30D Interdisciplinary mathematics, computer and information sciences <sup>177</sup>		0
Architecture, engineering, and related trades		125
04. Architecture and related services		0
14. Engineering		15
15. Engineering/engineering-related technologies/technicians		20
30.12 Historic preservation and conservation		0
46. Construction trades		35
47. Mechanic and repair technologies/technicians		35
48. Precision production		10
Agriculture, natural resources and conservation		15
01. Agricultural and veterinary sciences/services/operations and related fields <sup>178</sup>		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
03. Natural resources and conservation		10
Health and related fields		65
30.37 Design for human health		0
31. Parks, recreation, leisure, fitness, and kinesiology		0
51. Health professions and related programs <sup>178</sup>		60
60. Health professions residency/fellowship programs		0
61. Medical residency/fellowship programs		0
Personal, protective and transportation services		45
12. Culinary, entertainment, and personal services		15
28. Military science, leadership and operational art		0
29. Military technologies and applied sciences		0
43. Security and protective services		15
49. Transportation and materials moving		10
Other <sup>179</sup>		0
<b>Location of study compared with province or territory of residence</b>		

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) 	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Total - Location of study compared with province or territory of residence for the population aged 25 to 64 years in private households - 25% sample data <sup>180</sup>		790
No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree		310
Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree <sup>181</sup>		475
Location of study inside Canada		435
Same as province or territory of residence		275
Different than province or territory of residence		165
Location of study outside Canada <sup>182</sup>		40
Americas		25
United States of America		25
Mexico		0
Cuba		0
Haiti		0
Jamaica		0
Brazil		0
Colombia		0
Peru		0
Venezuela <sup>25</sup>		0
Other locations of study in Americas		0
Europe		20
Belgium		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) 	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
France		0
Germany		0
Netherlands		0
Switzerland		0
Hungary		0
Moldova <sup>183</sup>		0
Poland		0
Romania		0
Russian Federation		0
Ukraine		0
Ireland <sup>96</sup>		0
United Kingdom <sup>87</sup>		0
Bosnia and Herzegovina		0
Italy		0
Serbia <sup>86</sup>		0
Other locations of study in Europe		0
Africa		0
Nigeria		0
Algeria		0
Morocco		0
Tunisia		0
Egypt		0
South Africa, Republic of		0
Other locations of study in Africa		0
Asia		0
Iran <sup>88</sup>		0
Iraq		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Israel		0
Lebanon		0
Syria <sup>89</sup>		0
Turkey		0
China <sup>90</sup>		0
Taiwan		0
Hong Kong <sup>91</sup>		0
Japan		0
Korea, South <sup>92</sup>		0
Philippines		0
Viet Nam		0
Bangladesh		0
Sri Lanka		0
India		0
Pakistan		0
Other locations of study in Asia		0
Oceania		0
Australia		0
New Zealand		0
Other locations of study in Oceania		0
<b>Labour force status</b>		
Total - Population aged 15 years and over by labour force status - 25% sample data <sup>184</sup>		1,470
In the labour force		655
Employed		595
Unemployed		55

	<b>Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ</b>	
	<b>British Columbia</b>	
	<b>[Census subdivision]</b>	
	<b>Counts</b>	
<b>Characteristic</b>	<b>Total</b>	
Not in the labour force	815	
Participation rate	44.6	
Employment rate	40.5	
Unemployment rate	8.4	
<b>Work activity during the reference year</b>		
Total - Population aged 15 years and over by work activity during the reference year - 25% sample data <sup>185</sup>	1,470	
Did not work <sup>186</sup>	770	
Worked	700	
Worked full year full time <sup>187</sup>	230	
Worked part year and/or part time <sup>188</sup>	475	
Average weeks worked in reference year	38.7	
<b>Class of worker including job permanency</b>		
Total - Labour force aged 15 years and over by class of worker including job permanency - 25% sample data <sup>189</sup>	655	
Class of worker - not applicable <sup>190</sup>	0	
All classes of workers <sup>191</sup>	650	
Employee	480	
Permanent position	350	
Temporary position	130	
Fixed term (1 year or more)	25	
Casual, seasonal or short-term position (less than 1 year)	105	

	<b>Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶</b>	
	<b>British Columbia</b>	
	<b>[Census subdivision]</b>	
	<b>Counts</b>	
<b>Characteristic</b>	<b>Total</b>	
Self-employed <sup>192</sup>		165
<b>Occupation - Broad category - National Occupational Classification (NOC) 2021</b>		
Total - Labour force aged 15 years and over by occupation - Broad category - National Occupational Classification (NOC) 2021 - 25% sample data <sup>193</sup>		655
Occupation - not applicable <sup>190</sup>		0
All occupations <sup>191</sup>		650
0 Legislative and senior management occupations		15
1 Business, finance and administration occupations		110
2 Natural and applied sciences and related occupations		35
3 Health occupations		35
4 Occupations in education, law and social, community and government services		60
5 Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport		35
6 Sales and service occupations		130
7 Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations		155
8 Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations		45
9 Occupations in manufacturing and utilities		30
<b>Industry - Sectors - North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 2017</b>		

	<b>Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶</b>	
	<b>British Columbia</b>	
	<b>[Census subdivision]</b>	
	<b>Counts</b>	
<b>Characteristic</b>	<b>Total</b>	
Total - Labour force aged 15 years and over by industry - Sectors - North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 2017 - 25% sample data <sup>194</sup>		655
Industry - not applicable <sup>190</sup>		0
All industries <sup>191</sup>		650
11 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting		45
21 Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction		15
22 Utilities		15
23 Construction		90
31-33 Manufacturing		80
41 Wholesale trade		0
44-45 Retail trade		45
48-49 Transportation and warehousing		10
51 Information and cultural industries		10
52 Finance and insurance		20
53 Real estate and rental and leasing		20
54 Professional, scientific and technical services		70
55 Management of companies and enterprises		0
56 Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services		30
61 Educational services		40

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
62 Health care and social assistance		60
71 Arts, entertainment and recreation		30
72 Accommodation and food services		0
81 Other services (except public administration)		35
91 Public administration		25
<b>All languages used at work</b>		
Total - All languages used at work for the population in private households aged 15 years and over who worked since January 1, 2020 - 25% sample data <sup>195</sup>		745
English		740
French		0
Non-official language		0
Indigenous <sup>39</sup>		0
Non-Indigenous		0
English and French		0
English and non-official language(s)		0
French and non-official language(s)		0
English, French and non-official language(s)		0
Multiple non-official languages		0
<b>Language used most often at work</b>		

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Total - Language used most often at work for the population aged 15 years and over who worked since January 1, 2020, in private households, 2021 Census - 25% sample data <sup>196</sup>		745
Single responses		740
Official languages		740
English		740
French		0
Non-official languages		0
Indigenous languages <sup>39</sup>		0
Algonquian languages		0
Blackfoot		0
Cree-Innu languages		0
Atikamekw		0
Cree languages		0
Ililimowin (Moose Cree)		0
Inu Ayimun (Southern East Cree)		0
Iyiyiw-Ayimiwin (Northern East Cree)		0
Nehinawewin (Swampy Cree)		0
Nehiyawewin (Plains Cree)		0
Nihithawiwin (Woods Cree)		0
Cree, n.o.s.		0
Innu (Montagnais)		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Naskapi		0
Eastern Algonquian languages		0
Mi'kmaq		0
Wolastoqewi (Malecite)		0
Ojibway-Potawatomi languages		0
Anicinabemowin (Algonquin)		0
Oji-Cree		0
Ojibway languages		0
Anishinaabemowin (Chippewa)		0
Daawaamwin (Odawa)		0
Saulteau (Western Ojibway)		0
Ojibway, n.o.s.		0
Algonquian languages, n.i.e.		0
Athabaskan languages		0
Northern Athabaskan languages		0
Dakelh (Carrier)		0
Dane-zaa (Beaver)		0
Dene, n.o.s.		0
Gwich'in		0
Slavey-Hare languages		0
Deh Gah Ghotie Zhatie (South Slavey)		0
Satutine Yati (North Slavey)		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Slavey, n.o.s.		0
Tahltan languages		0
Tlicho (Dogrib)		0
Tse'khene (Sekani)		0
Tsilhqot'in (Chilcotin)		0
Tsuu T'ina (Sarsi)		0
Tutchone languages		0
Northern Tutchone		0
Southern Tutchone		0
Tutchone, n.o.s.		0
Wetsuwet'en-Babine		0
Tlingit		0
Athabaskan languages, n.i.e.		0
Haida		0
Inuktut (Inuit) languages		0
Inuinnaqtun (Inuvialuktun)		0
Inuinnaqtun		0
Inuvialuktun		0
Inuktitut		0
Inuktut (Inuit) languages, n.i.e.		0
Iroquoian languages		0
Mohawk		0
Oneida		0
Iroquoian languages, n.i.e.		0
Ktunaxa (Kutenai)		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Michif		0
Salish languages		0
Halkomelem		0
Lillooet		0
Ntlakapamux (Thompson)		0
Secwepemctsin (Shuswap)		0
Squamish		0
Straits		0
Syilx (Okanagan)		0
Salish languages, n.i.e.		0
Siouan languages		0
Assiniboine		0
Dakota		0
Stoney		0
Siouan languages, n.i.e.		0
Tsimshian languages		0
Gitxsan (Gitksan)		0
Nisga'a		0
Tsimshian		0
Wakashan languages		0
Haisla		0
Heiltsuk		0
Kwak'wala (Kwakiutl)		0
Nuu-chah-nulth (Nootka)		0
Wakashan languages, n.i.e.		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Indigenous languages, n.i.e.		0
Indigenous languages, n.o.s.		0
Non-Indigenous languages		0
Afro-Asiatic languages		0
Berber languages		0
Kabyle		0
Tamazight		0
Berber languages, n.i.e.		0
Chadic languages		0
Coptic		0
Cushitic languages		0
Bilen		0
Oromo		0
Somali		0
Cushitic languages, n.i.e.		0
Semitic languages		0
Amharic		0
Arabic		0
Aramaic languages		0
Assyrian Neo-Aramaic		0
Chaldean Neo-Aramaic		0
Aramaic, n.o.s.		0
Hebrew		0
Tigrigna		0
Semitic languages, n.i.e.		0
Austro-Asiatic languages		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Khmer (Cambodian)		0
Vietnamese		0
Austro-Asiatic languages, n.i.e.		0
Austronesian languages		0
Bikol		0
Bisaya, n.o.s.		0
Cebuano		0
Hiligaynon		0
Ilocano		0
Indonesian		0
Kankanaey		0
Malagasy languages		0
Malay		0
Pampangan (Kapampangan, Pampango)		0
Pangasinan		0
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)		0
Austronesian languages, n.i.e.		0
Creole languages		0
Haitian Creole		0
Jamaican English Creole		0
Morisyen		0
Creole, n.o.s.		0
Creole languages, n.i.e.		0
Dravidian languages		0
Kannada		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Malayalam		0
Tamil		0
Telugu		0
Dravidian languages, n.i.e.		0
Georgian		0
Indo-European languages		0
Albanian		0
Armenian		0
Balto-Slavic languages		0
Baltic languages		0
Latvian		0
Lithuanian		0
Slavic languages		0
Bulgarian		0
Czech		0
Macedonian		0
Polish		0
Russian		0
Serbo-Croatian		0
Bosnian		0
Croatian		0
Serbian		0
Serbo-Croatian, n.i.e.		0
Slovak		0
Slovene (Slovenian)		0
Ukrainian		0
Slavic languages, n.i.e.		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Celtic languages		0
Scottish Gaelic		0
Celtic languages, n.i.e.		0
Germanic languages		0
Frisian		0
High German languages		0
German		0
Pennsylvania German		0
Swiss German		0
Yiddish		0
Low Saxon-Low Franconian languages		0
Afrikaans		0
Dutch		0
Low German, n.o.s.		0
Low Saxon		0
Plautdietsch		0
Vlaams (Flemish)		0
Scandinavian languages		0
Danish		0
Icelandic		0
Norwegian		0
Swedish		0
Germanic languages, n.i.e.		0
Greek		0
Indo-Iranian languages		0
Indo-Aryan languages		0
Bengali		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Gujarati		0
Hindi		0
Kacchi		0
Marathi		0
Nepali		0
Punjabi (Panjabi)		0
Sindhi		0
Sinhala (Sinhalese)		0
Urdu		0
Indo-Aryan languages, n.i.e.		0
Iranian languages		0
Kurdish		0
Pashto		0
Persian languages		0
Dari		0
Iranian Persian		0
Persian (Farsi), n.o.s.		0
Iranian languages, n.i.e.		0
Indo-Iranian languages, n.i.e.		0
Italic (Romance) languages		0
Catalan		0
Italian		0
Portuguese		0
Romanian		0
Spanish		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Italic (Romance) languages, n.i.e.		0
Indo-European languages, n.i.e.		0
Japanese		0
Korean		0
Mongolian		0
Niger-Congo languages		0
Akan (Twi)		0
Edo		0
Fulah (Pular, Pulaar, Ffulde)		0
Ga		0
Ganda		0
Igbo		0
Kinyarwanda (Rwanda)		0
Lingala		0
Rundi (Kirundi)		0
Shona		0
Swahili		0
Wolof		0
Yoruba		0
Niger-Congo languages, n.i.e.		0
Nilo-Saharan languages		0
Dinka		0
Nilo-Saharan languages, n.i.e.		0
Sign languages		0
American Sign Language		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ❶	
	British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Quebec Sign Language		0
Sign languages, n.i.e.		0
Sino-Tibetan languages		0
Chinese languages		0
Hakka		0
Mandarin		0
Min Dong		0
Min Nan (Chaochow, Teochow, Fukien, Taiwanese)		0
Wu (Shanghainese)		0
Yue (Cantonese)		0
Chinese, n.o.s.		0
Chinese languages, n.i.e.		0
Tibeto-Burman languages		0
Burmese		0
Karenic languages		0
S'gaw Karen		0
Karenic languages, n.i.e.		0
Tibetan		0
Tibeto-Burman languages, n.i.e.		0
Sino-Tibetan languages, n.i.e.		0
Tai-Kadai languages		0
Lao		0
Thai		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
Tai-Kadai languages, n.i.e.		0
Turkic languages		0
Azerbaijani		0
Turkish		0
Uyghur		0
Uzbek		0
Turkic languages, n.i.e.		0
Uralic languages		0
Estonian		0
Finnish		0
Hungarian		0
Other languages, n.i.e.		0
Multiple responses		0
English and French		0
English and non-official language(s)		0
French and non-official language(s)		0
English, French and non-official language(s)		0
Multiple non-official languages		0
<b>Other language(s) used regularly at work</b>		
Total - Other language(s) used regularly at work for the population in private households aged 15 years and over who worked since January 1, 2020 - 25% sample data <sup>197</sup>		745
None		745
English		0

Characteristic	Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ British Columbia [Census subdivision]	
	Counts	
	Total	
French		0
Non-official language		0
Indigenous <sup>39</sup>		0
Non-Indigenous		0
English and French		0
English and non-official language(s)		0
French and non-official language(s)		0
English, French and non-official language(s)		0
Multiple non-official languages		0
<b>Place of work status</b>		
Total - Place of work status for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over - 25% sample data <sup>198</sup>		600
Worked at home		135
Worked outside Canada		0
No fixed workplace address		125
Usual place of work		340
<b>Commuting destination</b>		
Total - Commuting destination for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over with a usual place of work - 25% sample data <sup>199</sup>		340
Commute within census subdivision (CSD) of residence		125

	<b>Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ</b>	
	<b>British Columbia</b>	
	<b>[Census subdivision]</b>	
	<b>Counts</b>	
<b>Characteristic</b>	<b>Total</b>	
Commute to a different census subdivision (CSD) within census division (CD) of residence		205
Commute to a different census subdivision (CSD) and census division (CD) within province or territory of residence		0
Commute to a different province or territory		0
<b>Main mode of commuting</b>		
Total - Main mode of commuting for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over with a usual place of work or no fixed workplace address - 25% sample data <sup>200</sup>		460
Car, truck or van		410
Car, truck or van - as a driver		375
Car, truck or van - as a passenger		35
Public transit		0
Walked		30
Bicycle		0
Other method		10
<b>Commuting duration</b>		
Total - Commuting duration for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over with a usual place of work or no fixed workplace address - 25% sample data <sup>201</sup>		460
Less than 15 minutes		180
15 to 29 minutes		215

<b>Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ</b>	
<b>British Columbia</b>	
<b>[Census subdivision]</b>	
<b>Counts</b>	
<b>Characteristic</b>	<b>Total</b>
30 to 44 minutes	20
45 to 59 minutes	10
60 minutes and over	30
<b>Time leaving for work</b>	
Total - Time leaving for work for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over with a usual place of work or no fixed workplace address - 25% sample data <sup>202</sup>	460
Between 5 a.m. and 5:59 a.m.	35
Between 6 a.m. and 6:59 a.m.	70
Between 7 a.m. and 7:59 a.m.	180
Between 8 a.m. and 8:59 a.m.	100
Between 9 a.m. and 11:59 a.m.	35
Between 12 p.m. and 4:59 a.m.	40
<b>Children eligible for instruction in the minority official language</b>	
Total - Eligibility for instruction in the minority official language for the population in private households born in 2003 or later - 100% data <sup>203</sup>	190
Children eligible for instruction in the minority official language	20
Children not eligible for instruction in the minority official language	170
<b>Eligibility and instruction in the minority official language for school-aged children</b>	

	<b>Kootenay Boundary C / Christina Lake, Regional district electoral area (RDA) ⓘ</b>	
	<b>British Columbia</b>	
	<b>[Census subdivision]</b>	
	<b>Counts</b>	
<b>Characteristic</b>	<b>Total</b>	
Total - Eligibility and instruction in the minority official language, for the population in private households born between 2003 and 2015 (inclusive) - 100% data <sup>204</sup>		160
Children eligible for instruction in the minority official language		20
Eligible children who have been instructed in the minority official language at the primary or secondary level in Canada		15
Eligible children who have not been instructed in the minority official language at the primary or secondary level in Canada		5
Children not eligible for instruction in the minority official language		140

### Symbol legend

... not applicable

x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act

**Source:** Statistics Canada, 2021 Census of Population.

**How to cite:** Statistics Canada. 2022. (table). *Census Profile*. 2021 Census of Population. Statistics Canada Catalogue no. (number) 98-316-X2021001. Ottawa. Released December 15, 2022.

<https://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2021/dp-pd/prof/index.cfm?Lang=E> (accessed January 9, 2023).

### Note(s):

#### Footnote 1

2021 and 2016 population

Statistics Canada is committed to protect the privacy of all Canadians and the confidentiality of the data they provide to us. As part of this commitment, some population counts of geographic areas are adjusted in order to ensure confidentiality.

The adjustment to counts of the total population for any dissemination block is controlled to ensure that the population counts for dissemination areas will always be within 5 of the actual values. The adjustment has no impact on the population counts of census divisions and large census subdivisions.

#### **Footnote 2**

Total private dwellings

Private dwelling refers to a separate set of living quarters with a private entrance either from outside the building or from a common hall, lobby, vestibule or stairway inside the building. The entrance to the dwelling must be one that can be used without passing through the living quarters of some other person or group of persons.

#### **Footnote 3**

Private dwellings occupied by usual residents

A private dwelling occupied by usual residents refers to a private dwelling in which a person or a group of persons is permanently residing. Also included are private dwellings whose usual residents are temporarily absent on May 11, 2021.

#### **Footnote 4**

The category 'Movable dwelling' includes mobile homes and other movable dwellings such as houseboats, recreational vehicles and railroad cars.

#### **Footnote 5**

A census family is defined as a married couple (with or without children, a common-law couple (with or without children) or a one-parent family. For more information, refer to the Census Dictionary: Census family structure.

#### **Footnote 6**

There is no age restriction on children. Includes children living with a grandparent or grandparents without a parent present.

#### **Footnote 7**

Includes foster children.

## Footnote 8

Multigenerational households represent all households where there is at least one person who is both the grandparent of a person in the household and the parent of another person in the same household. They also represent all households where there is at least one person who is both the child of a person in the household and the grandchild of another person in the same household. In previous censuses, multigenerational households were only created based on the former definition, not the latter. As a result, there may be small differences in counts for 2011 and 2016 in archived tables.

## Footnote 9

Excludes multigenerational households.

## Footnote 10

Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

- statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families and economic families;
- statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises, companies, establishments and locations;
- statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons, total income refers to receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of households, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities);
- income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds;
- income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs);
- other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships;
- income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, Employment Insurance benefits, Old Age Security benefits, COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan

benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- one-time receipts, such as lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals;
- capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income;
- employers' contributions to registered pension plans, Canada Pension Plan, Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance;
- voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes, provincial and territorial income taxes, less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages, salaries and commissions, net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice), investment income, private retirement income (retirement pensions, superannuation and annuities, including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal, provincial, territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:

- Old Age Security pension, Guaranteed Income Supplement, Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor;
- retirement, disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan;
- benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan;
- child benefits from federal and provincial programs;
- social assistance benefits;
- workers' compensation benefits;
- Canada workers benefit (CWB);
- Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit;
- other income from government sources.

For the 2021 Census, this includes various benefits from new and existing federal, provincial and territorial government income programs intended to provide financial support to individuals affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and the public health measures implemented to minimize the spread of the virus.

Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2021 Census, the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020, unless otherwise specified.

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves, i.e., the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median, while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

## Footnote 11

Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

- statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families and economic families;
- statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises, companies, establishments and locations;
- statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons, total income refers to receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of households, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities);
- income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds;
- income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs);
- other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships;
- income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, Employment Insurance benefits, Old Age Security benefits, COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- one-time receipts, such as lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals;
- capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income;

- employers' contributions to registered pension plans, Canada Pension Plan, Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance;
- voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes, provincial and territorial income taxes, less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages, salaries and commissions, net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice), investment income, private retirement income (retirement pensions, superannuation and annuities, including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal, provincial, territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:

- Old Age Security pension, Guaranteed Income Supplement, Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor;
- retirement, disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan;
- benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan;
- child benefits from federal and provincial programs;
- social assistance benefits;
- workers' compensation benefits;
- Canada workers benefit (CWB);
- Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit;
- other income from government sources.

For the 2021 Census, this includes various benefits from new and existing federal, provincial and territorial government income programs intended to provide financial support to individuals affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and the public health measures implemented to minimize the spread of the virus.

Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2021 Census, the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020, unless otherwise specified.

Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

## Footnote 12

Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period. For the 2021 Census, the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020,

unless otherwise specified.

### **Footnote 13**

Full-year full-time workers - Persons aged 15 years and over who worked mostly full time (30 hours or more per week) and full year (49 weeks and over per year) in 2020. For more information, see variable work activity in 2020, Dictionary, Census of Population, 2021.

### **Footnote 14**

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves, i.e., the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median, while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

### **Footnote 15**

Average income - Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

### **Footnote 16**

Part year or part time workers - Persons aged 15 years and over who worked mostly part time (less than 30 hours per week) or 48 weeks or less during 2020. For more information, see variable work activity in 2020, Dictionary, Census of Population, 2021.

### **Footnote 17**

Composition of total income - The composition of the total income of a population group or a geographic area refers to the relative share of each income source or group of sources, expressed as a percentage of the aggregate total income of that group or area.

For the 2021 Census, the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020, unless otherwise specified.

### **Footnote 18**

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages, salaries and commissions, net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice), investment income, private retirement income (retirement pensions, superannuation and annuities, including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

For the 2021 Census, the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020, unless otherwise specified.

#### **Footnote 19**

Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2021 Census, the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020, unless otherwise specified.

#### **Footnote 20**

Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal, provincial, territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:

- Old Age Security pension, Guaranteed Income Supplement, Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor;
- retirement, disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan;
- benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan;
- child benefits from federal and provincial programs;
- social assistance benefits;
- workers' compensation benefits;
- Canada workers benefit (CWB);
- Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit;
- other income from government sources.

For the 2021 Census, this includes various benefits from new and existing federal, provincial and territorial government income programs intended to provide financial support to individuals affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and the public health measures implemented to minimize the spread of the virus.

For the 2021 Census, the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020, unless otherwise specified.

#### **Footnote 21**

Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

- statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families and economic families;
- statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises, companies, establishments and locations;
- statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons, total income refers to receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of households, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities);
- income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds;
- income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs);
- other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships;
- income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, Employment Insurance benefits, Old Age Security benefits, COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- one-time receipts, such as lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals;
- capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income;
- employers' contributions to registered pension plans, Canada Pension Plan, Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance;
- voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

For the 2021 Census, the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020, unless otherwise specified.

## Footnote 22

After-tax income - After-tax income refers to total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes, provincial and territorial income taxes, less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2021 Census, the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020, unless otherwise specified.

## Footnote 23

Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

- statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families and economic families;
- statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises, companies, establishments and locations;
- statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons, total income refers to receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of households, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period. The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities);
- income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds;
- income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs);
- other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships;
- income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, Employment Insurance benefits, Old Age Security benefits, Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- one-time receipts, such as lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals;
- capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income;
- employers' contributions to registered pension plans, Canada Pension Plan, Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance;
- voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes, provincial and territorial income taxes, less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions.

Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages, salaries and commissions, net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice), investment income, private retirement income (retirement pensions, superannuation and annuities, including those from

registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal, provincial, territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:

- Old Age Security pension, Guaranteed Income Supplement, Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor;
- retirement, disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan;
- benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan;
- child benefits from federal and provincial programs;
- social assistance benefits;
- workers' compensation benefits;
- Canada workers benefit (CWB);
- Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit;
- other income from government sources.

Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

Employment Insurance (EI) benefits - All Employment Insurance (EI) benefits received during the reference period, before income tax deductions. It includes benefits for unemployment, sickness, maternity, paternity, adoption, compassionate care, work sharing, retraining, and benefits to self-employed fishers received under the federal EI Program or the Québec parental insurance plan.

The reference period for these variables is calendar year 2019. These variables are intended for comparison with their 2020 equivalent and other 2019 income variables. Income for 2019 is presented in 2020 constant dollars.

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves, i.e., the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median, while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

#### **Footnote 24**

Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

- statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families and economic families;
- statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises, companies, establishments and locations;
- statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons, total income refers to receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of households, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities);
- income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds;
- income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs);
- other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships;
- income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, Employment Insurance benefits, Old Age Security benefits, Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- one-time receipts, such as lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals;
- capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income;
- employers' contributions to registered pension plans, Canada Pension Plan, Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance;
- voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes, provincial and territorial income taxes, less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages, salaries and commissions, net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice), investment income, private retirement income (retirement pensions, superannuation and annuities, including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal, provincial, territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:

- Old Age Security pension, Guaranteed Income Supplement, Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor;
- retirement, disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan;
- benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan;
- child benefits from federal and provincial programs;
- social assistance benefits; - workers' compensation benefits;
- Canada workers benefit (CWB);
- Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit;
- other income from government sources.

Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

Employment Insurance (EI) benefits - All Employment Insurance (EI) benefits received during the reference period, before income tax deductions. It includes benefits for unemployment, sickness, maternity, paternity, adoption, compassionate care, work sharing, retraining, and benefits to self-employed fishers received under the federal EI Program or the Québec parental insurance plan.

The reference period for these variables is calendar year 2019. These variables are intended for comparison with their 2020 equivalent and other 2019 income variables. Income for 2019 is presented in 2020 constant dollars.

Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

#### **Footnote 25**

Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period. The reference period for this variable is calendar year 2019. The variable is intended for comparison with its 2020 equivalent and other 2019 income variables. Income for 2019 is presented in 2020 constant dollars.

#### **Footnote 26**

Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

- statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families and economic families;
- statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises, companies, establishments and locations;
- statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons, total income refers to receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of households, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities);
- income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds;
- income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs);
- other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships;
- income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, Employment Insurance benefits, Old Age Security benefits, COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- one-time receipts, such as lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals;
- capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income;
- employers' contributions to registered pension plans, Canada Pension Plan, Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance;
- voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes, provincial and territorial income taxes, less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2021 Census, the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020, unless otherwise specified.

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves, i.e., the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median, while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of households are calculated for all units, whether or not they had income.

## Footnote 27

Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

- statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families and economic families;
- statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises, companies, establishments and locations;
- statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons, total income refers to receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of households, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities);
- income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds;
- income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs);
- other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships;
- income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, Employment Insurance benefits, Old Age Security benefits, COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- one-time receipts, such as lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals;
- capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income;
- employers' contributions to registered pension plans, Canada Pension Plan, Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance;
- voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes, provincial and territorial income taxes, less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions.

Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2021 Census, the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020, unless otherwise specified.

Average income - Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes of households are calculated for all units, whether or not they had income.

## Footnote 28

Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

- statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families and economic families;
- statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises, companies, establishments and locations;
- statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons, total income refers to receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of households, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities);
- income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds;
- income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs);
- other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships;
- income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, Employment Insurance benefits, Old Age Security benefits, COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- one-time receipts, such as lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals;

- capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income;
- employers' contributions to registered pension plans, Canada Pension Plan, Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance;
- voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes, provincial and territorial income taxes, less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2021 Census, the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020, unless otherwise specified.

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves, i.e., the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median, while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of families are calculated for all units, whether or not they had income.

Economic family structure - The combination of relatives that comprise a family. Classification on this variable considers the presence or absence of: married spouses or common-law partners; children; and other relatives. For more information, refer to the variable 'economic family structure,' Dictionary, Census of Population, 2021.

## Footnote 29

Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

- statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families and economic families;
- statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises, companies, establishments and locations;
- statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons, total income refers to receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of households, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities);

- income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds;
- income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs);
- other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships;
- income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, Employment Insurance benefits, Old Age Security benefits, COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- one-time receipts, such as lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals;
- capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income;
- employers' contributions to registered pension plans, Canada Pension Plan, Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance;
- voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes, provincial and territorial income taxes, less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions.

Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2021 Census, the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020, unless otherwise specified.

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves, i.e., the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median, while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of persons not in families are calculated for all units, whether or not they had income.

### Footnote 30

Calculation includes persons not in economic families without income (with an income of zero).

### Footnote 31

Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

- statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families and economic families;
- statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises, companies, establishments and locations;
- statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons, total income refers to receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of households, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities);
- income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds;
- income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs);
- other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships;
  - income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, Employment Insurance benefits, Old Age Security benefits, COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- one-time receipts, such as lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals;
- capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income;
- employers' contributions to registered pension plans, Canada Pension Plan, Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance;
- voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes, provincial and territorial income taxes, less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions.

Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2021 Census, the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020, unless otherwise specified.

Average income - The average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes of families are calculated for all units, whether or not they had income.

Economic family structure - The combination of relatives that comprise a family. Classification on this variable considers the presence or absence of: married spouses or common-law partners; children; and other relatives. For more information, refer to the variable 'economic family structure,' Dictionary, Census of Population, 2021.

### Footnote 32

Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

- statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families and economic families;
- statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises, companies, establishments and locations;
- statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons, total income refers to receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of households, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities);
- income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds;
- income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs);
- other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships;
- income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, Employment Insurance benefits, Old Age Security benefits, COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- one-time receipts, such as lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals;
- capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income;
- employers' contributions to registered pension plans, Canada Pension Plan, Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance;

- voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes, provincial and territorial income taxes, less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2021 Census, the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020, unless otherwise specified.

Average income - Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes of persons not in families are calculated for all units, whether or not they had income.

### Footnote 33

Low-income status - The income situation of the statistical unit in relation to a specific low-income line in a reference year. Statistical units with income that is below the low-income line are considered to be in low income.

For the 2021 Census, the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020, unless otherwise specified.

Prior to the 2021 Census, the LIM thresholds and the LIM low income statistics were derived and reported for the population residing outside of the territories and off reserve only. It was based on the consideration that the income, prices and expenditure patterns could be quite different in the territories and on reserve, and thus, could make the interpretation of the LIM low-income statistics difficult.

Since the 2016 Census, there were research studies that analyzed the feasibility of defining LIM thresholds that include the population living in the territories and on reserve, and examined the aspects that should be considered when interpreting low-income statistics based on this definition. With the guidance and support of such research, the 2021 Census expanded the coverage of the LIM concept to all regions in Canada, making it the only low-income concept that is applicable to the population living in the territories and on reserve.

Low-income measure, after tax (LIM-AT) - The Low-income measure, after tax, refers to a fixed percentage (50%) of median-adjusted after-tax income of private households. The household after-tax income is adjusted by an equivalence scale to take economies of scale into account. This adjustment for different household sizes reflects the fact that a household's needs increase, but at a decreasing rate, as the number of members increases.

Using data from the 2021 Census of Population, the line applicable to a household is defined as half the Canadian median of the adjusted household after-tax income multiplied by the square root of household size. The median is determined based on all persons in private households where low-income concepts are applicable. Thresholds for specific household sizes are presented in Table 2.4 Low-income measures thresholds (LIM-AT and LIM-BT) for private households of Canada, 2020, Dictionary, Census of Population, 2021.

When the unadjusted after-tax income of household pertaining to a person falls below the threshold applicable to the person based on household size, the person is considered to be in low income according to LIM-AT. Since the LIM-AT threshold and household income are unique within each household, low-income status based on LIM-AT can also be reported for households.

Low-income cut-offs, after tax (LICO-AT) - The Low-income cut-offs, after tax refers to an income threshold, defined using 1992 expenditure data, below which economic families or persons not in economic families would likely have devoted a larger share of their after-tax income than average to the necessities of food, shelter and clothing. More specifically, the thresholds represented income levels at which these families or persons were expected to spend 20 percentage points or more of their after-tax income than average on food, shelter and clothing. These thresholds have been adjusted to current dollars using the all-items Consumer Price Index (CPI). The LICO-AT has 35 cut-offs varying by seven family sizes and five different sizes of area of residence to account for economies of scale and potential differences in cost of living in communities of different sizes. These thresholds are presented in Table 2.5 Low-income cut-offs, after tax (LICO-AT - 1992 base) for economic families and persons not in economic families, 2020, Dictionary, Census of Population, 2021.

When the after-tax income of an economic family member or a person not in an economic family falls below the threshold applicable to the person, the person is considered to be in low income according to LICO-AT. Since the LICO-AT threshold and family income are unique within each economic family, low-income status based on LICO-AT can also be reported for economic families.

Prevalence of low income - The proportion or percentage of units whose income falls below a specified low-income line.

#### **Footnote 34**

Economic family after-tax income decile group - The economic family income decile group provides a rough ranking of the economic situation of a person based on his or her relative position in the Canadian distribution of the adjusted after-tax income of economic families for all persons in private households.

Using data from the 2021 Census of Population, the population in private households is sorted according to its adjusted after-tax family income and then divided into 10 equal groups each containing 10% of the population. The decile cut-points are the levels of adjusted after-tax family income that define the 10 groups.

For the 2021 Census, the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020, unless otherwise specified.

#### **Footnote 35**

The Gini coefficient, or Gini index, is a measure of inequality that indicates how equally income is distributed for a given population. It measures how much an income distribution deviates from perfect equality. Values of the Gini coefficient can range from 0 to 1. A value of 0 indicates that income is equally divided among the population, with all units receiving exactly the same amount of income. At the opposite extreme, a Gini coefficient of 1 denotes a perfectly unequal distribution, where one unit has all of the income in the economy.

For the census, Gini coefficients are calculated for three types of adjusted household income—market income, total income and after tax income. Adjusted income is computed by dividing the household income by a factor equal to the square root of the household size (known as the equivalence scale). This adjustment for different household sizes takes into account economies of scale. It reflects the fact that the needs of a household increase, but at a decreasing rate, as the number of members increases.

The P90/P10 ratio is a measure of inequality. It is the ratio of the 90th and the 10th percentile of the adjusted household after-tax income. The 90th percentile means 90% of the population has income that falls below this threshold. The 10th percentile means 10% of the population has income that falls below this threshold.

### **Footnote 36**

Knowledge of official languages refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in English only, French only, in both or in neither language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021.

### **Footnote 37**

First official language spoken refers to the first official language (English or French) spoken by the person.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021.

### **Footnote 38**

Mother tongue refers to the first language learned at home in childhood and still understood by the person at the time the data was collected. If the person no longer understands the first language learned, the mother tongue is the second language learned. For a person who learned more than one language at the same time in early childhood, the mother tongue is the language this person spoke most often at home before starting school. The person has more than one mother tongue only if they learned these languages at the same time, and still understands them. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, the mother tongue is the language spoken most often to this child at home. A child who has not yet learned to speak has more than one mother tongue only if these languages are spoken to them equally often so that the child learns these languages at the same time.

n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

n.o.s. = not otherwise specified

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021.

### **Footnote 39**

Users should be aware that estimates associated with Indigenous languages are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain reserves and settlements in the Census of Population.

#### **Footnote 40**

All languages spoken at home refers to all languages that the person speaks at home on a regular basis at the time of data collection.

n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

n.o.s. = not otherwise specified

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021.

#### **Footnote 41**

Language spoken most often at home refers to the language the person speaks most often at home at the time of data collection. A person can report more than one language as "spoken most often at home" if the languages are spoken equally often.

For a person who lives alone, the language spoken most often at home is the language in which they feel most comfortable. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this is the language spoken most often to the child at home. Where more than one language is spoken to the child, the language spoken most often at home is the language spoken most often. If more than one language is spoken equally often to the child, then these languages are included here.

n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

n.o.s. = not otherwise specified

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021.

#### **Footnote 42**

Other language(s) spoken regularly at home refers to the language(s), if any, that the person speaks at home on a regular basis at the time of data collection, other than the language(s) they speak most often at home.

Comparisons to previous Census data is not recommended for the 'Other languages spoken regularly at home' variable.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021.

#### **Footnote 43**

Knowledge of official languages refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in English only, French only, in both or in neither language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home.

Knowledge of non-official languages refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in a language other than English or French. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home. The number of languages that can be reported may vary between surveys, depending on the objectives of the survey.

n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

n.o.s. = not otherwise specified

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021.

#### **Footnote 44**

Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain reserves and settlements in the Census of Population.

For more information on Indigenous variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Indigenous Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021 and the Indigenous Peoples Technical Report, Census of Population, 2021.

#### **Footnote 45**

This category includes persons who identify as First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and/or Inuk (Inuit) and/or those who report being Registered or Treaty Indians (that is, registered under the *Indian Act* of Canada), and/or those who report having membership in a First Nation or Indian band.

#### **Footnote 46**

This category includes persons who identify as only one Indigenous group, that is First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit).

#### **Footnote 47**

This category includes persons who identify as any two or all three of the following: First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and/or Inuk (Inuit).

#### **Footnote 48**

This category includes persons who do not identify as First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit) but who report having Registered or Treaty Indian status and/or Membership in a First Nation or Indian band.

**Footnote 49**

Registered or Treaty Indian status refers to whether or not a person is a Registered or Treaty Indian. Registered Indians are persons who are registered under the *Indian Act* of Canada. Treaty Indians are persons who belong to a First Nation or Indian band that signed a treaty with the Crown. Registered or Treaty Indians are sometimes also called Status Indians.

**Footnote 50**

Tenure refers to whether the household owns or rents their private dwelling. The private dwelling may be situated on rented or leased land or be part of a condominium. A household is considered to own their dwelling if some member of the household owns the dwelling even if it is not fully paid for, for example if there is a mortgage or some other claim on it. A household is considered to rent their dwelling if no member of the household owns the dwelling. A household is considered to rent that dwelling even if the dwelling is provided without cash rent or at a reduced rent, or if the dwelling is part of a cooperative.

For historical and statutory reasons, shelter occupancy on Indian reserves or settlements does not lend itself to the usual classification by standard tenure categories. Therefore, a special category, 'dwelling provided by the local government, First Nation or Indian band,' has been created for census purposes.

**Footnote 51**

Condominium status refers to whether the private dwelling is part of a condominium development. A condominium is a residential complex in which dwellings are owned individually while land and common elements are held in joint ownership with others.

**Footnote 52**

Bedrooms refers to rooms in a private dwelling that are designed mainly for sleeping purposes even if they are now used for other purposes, such as guest rooms and television rooms. Also included are rooms used as bedrooms now, even if they were not originally built as bedrooms, such as bedrooms in a finished basement. Bedrooms exclude rooms designed for another use during the day such as dining rooms and living rooms even if they may be used for sleeping purposes at night. By definition, one-room private dwellings such as bachelor or studio apartments have zero bedrooms.

**Footnote 53**

Rooms refers to enclosed areas within a private dwelling which are finished and suitable for year round living. The number of rooms in a private dwelling includes kitchens, bedrooms and finished rooms in the attic or basement. The number of rooms in a private dwelling excludes bathrooms, halls, vestibules and rooms used solely for business purposes. Partially divided rooms are considered to be separate rooms if they are considered as such by the respondent (e.g., L-shaped dining-room and living-room arrangements).

**Footnote 54**

Number of persons per room - Refers to an indicator of the level of crowding in a private dwelling. It is calculated by dividing the number of persons in the household by the number of rooms in the dwelling.

#### **Footnote 55**

Housing suitability refers to whether a private household is living in suitable accommodations according to the National Occupancy Standard (NOS); that is, whether the dwelling has enough bedrooms for the size and composition of the household. A household is deemed to be living in suitable accommodations if its dwelling has enough bedrooms, as calculated using the NOS.

'Housing suitability' assesses the required number of bedrooms for a household based on the age, sex, and relationships among household members. An alternative variable, 'persons per room,' considers all rooms in a private dwelling and the number of household members.

Housing suitability and the National Occupancy Standard (NOS) on which it is based were developed by Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC) through consultations with provincial housing agencies.

#### **Footnote 56**

Period of construction refers to the period in time during which the building or dwelling was originally constructed.

This refers to the period in which the building was completed, not the time of any later remodeling, additions or conversions.

For properties having multiple residential structures, this refers to the period in which the most recent structure was completed.

#### **Footnote 57**

Includes data up to May 11, 2021.

#### **Footnote 58**

Dwelling condition refers to whether the dwelling is in need of repairs. This does not include desirable remodelling or additions.

#### **Footnote 59**

Refers to whether or not a person residing in the household is responsible for paying the rent, or the mortgage, or the taxes, or the electricity or other services or utilities. Where a number of people may contribute to the payments, more than one person in the household may be identified as a household maintainer. If no person in the household is identified as making such payments, the reference person is identified by default.

## Footnote 60

Primary household maintainer - The first person in the household identified as someone who pays the rent, or the mortgage, or the taxes, or the electricity or other services or utilities for the dwelling. When more than one member of the household contributes to the payments, the first person listed is chosen as the primary household maintainer. If no person in the household is identified as making any such payments, the first person listed is selected by default.

The order of the persons in a household is determined by the order in which they are listed on the questionnaire. Generally, an adult is listed first followed, if applicable, by their spouse or common-law partner and then by their children. The order does not necessarily correspond to the proportion of household payments made by each person.

## Footnote 61

Shelter-cost-to-income ratio - Refers to the proportion of average total income of household which is spent on shelter costs.

Shelter-cost-to-income ratio is calculated for private households who reported a total household income greater than zero.

Private households located on an agricultural operation that is operated by a member of the household, and households who reported a zero or negative total household income are excluded.

The relatively high shelter-costs-to-household income ratios for some households may have resulted from the difference in the reference period for shelter costs and household total income data. The reference period for shelter cost data is 2021, while household total income is reported for the year 2020. As well, for some households, the 2020 household total income may represent income for only part of a year.

For more information on household total income or shelter costs, refer to the Census Dictionary: Total income and Shelter cost.

## Footnote 62

Acceptable housing refers to whether a household meets each of the three indicator thresholds established by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation for housing adequacy, suitability and affordability.

Housing indicator thresholds are defined as follows:

- Adequate housing is reported by their residents as not requiring any major repairs.
- Affordable housing has shelter costs equal to less than 30% of total before-tax household income.
- Suitable housing has enough bedrooms for the size and composition of resident households according to the National Occupancy Standard (NOS), conceived by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation and provincial and territorial representatives.

Acceptable housing identifies which thresholds the household falls below, if any. Housing that is adequate in condition, suitable in size and affordable is considered to be acceptable.

Households below and above the thresholds are based on the indicators for which individual households can be assessed. Farm and on-reserve households whose housing does not meet either or both of the suitability and adequacy thresholds are counted in the total of households below the thresholds. Farm and on-reserve households who live in housing that meets both the suitability and adequacy thresholds are counted in the total of households above the thresholds (even though it is not possible to assess housing affordability for these households). Farm households and on-reserve households cannot be assessed for housing affordability because the concept is not applicable.

Housing affordability is assessed for owner and tenant households with household total income greater than zero in non-farm, non-reserve private dwellings.

#### **Footnote 63**

Core housing need refers to whether a private household's housing falls below at least one of the indicator thresholds for housing adequacy, affordability or suitability, and would have to spend 30% or more of its total before-tax income to pay the median rent of alternative local housing that is acceptable (attains all three housing indicator thresholds). Housing indicator thresholds are defined as follows: Adequate housing is reported by their residents as not requiring any major repairs. Affordable housing has shelter costs equal to less than 30% of total before-tax household income. Suitable housing has enough bedrooms for the size and composition of resident households according to the National Occupancy Standard (NOS), conceived by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation and provincial and territorial representatives. Only private, non-farm, non-reserve and owner- or renter-households with incomes greater than zero and shelter-cost-to-income ratios less than 100% are assessed for 'core housing need.' Non-family households with at least one maintainer aged 15 to 29 attending school are considered not to be in 'core housing need' regardless of their housing circumstances. Attending school is considered a transitional phase, and low incomes earned by student households are viewed as being a temporary condition.

#### **Footnote 64**

Presence of mortgage payments refers to whether an owner household makes regular mortgage or loan payments for their dwelling.

#### **Footnote 65**

Shelter cost refers to the average monthly total of all shelter expenses paid by households.

Shelter costs for owner households include, where applicable, mortgage payments, property taxes and condominium fees, along with the costs of electricity, heat, water and other municipal services. For renter households, shelter costs include, where applicable, the rent and the costs of electricity, heat, water and other municipal services. For households living in a dwelling provided by the local government, First Nation or Indian band, shelter costs include, where applicable, the monthly use or occupancy payment and the costs of electricity, heat, water and other municipal services.

#### **Footnote 66**

Value (owner estimated) refers to the dollar amount expected by the owner if the asset were to be sold.

In the context of dwelling, it refers to the value of the entire dwelling, including the value of the land it is on and of any other structure, such as a garage, which is on the property. If the dwelling is located in a building which contains several dwellings, or a combination of residential and business premises, all of which the household owns, the value is estimated as a portion of the market value that applies only to the dwelling in which the household resides.

#### **Footnote 67**

Subsidized housing refers to whether a renter household lives in a dwelling that is subsidized. Subsidized housing includes rent geared to income, social housing, public housing, government-assisted housing, non-profit housing, rent supplements and housing allowances.

#### **Footnote 68**

'Indigenous ancestry' refers to whether a person has ancestry associated with the Indigenous peoples of Canada, that is, First Nations (North American Indian), Métis, and/or Inuit. Aboriginal peoples (referred to here as Indigenous peoples) of Canada are defined in the *Constitution Act, 1982*, Section 35 (2) as including the Indian, Inuit and Métis peoples of Canada. The term 'Aboriginal' has been replaced with the updated term of 'Indigenous' when referring to individuals who identify themselves as First Nations people, Métis and/or Inuit. Ancestry refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the person's ancestors, an ancestor being usually more distant than a grandparent. A person can have more than one ethnic or cultural origin.

Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain reserves and settlements in the Census of Population.

For more information on Indigenous variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Indigenous Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021 and the Indigenous Peoples Technical Report, Census of Population, 2021.

#### **Footnote 69**

'Indigenous ancestry (only)' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and/or Inuit ancestry. It excludes persons with non-Indigenous ancestry.

#### **Footnote 70**

'Single Indigenous ancestry (only)' includes persons who have only one of First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuit ancestry. It excludes persons with non-Indigenous ancestry.

#### **Footnote 71**

'Multiple Indigenous ancestries (only)' includes persons who have two or more of First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and Inuit ancestries. It excludes persons with non-Indigenous ancestry.

#### **Footnote 72**

'Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and/or Inuit ancestry, as well as non-Indigenous ancestry.

#### **Footnote 73**

'Single Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuit ancestry, as well as non-Indigenous ancestry.

#### **Footnote 74**

'Multiple Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries' includes persons who have two or more of First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and Inuit ancestries, as well as non-Indigenous ancestry.

#### **Footnote 75**

'Non-Indigenous ancestry (only)' includes persons who have non-Indigenous ancestry only.

#### **Footnote 76**

'Citizenship' refers to the country where the person has citizenship. A person may have more than one citizenship. A person may be stateless, that is, they may have no citizenship. Citizenship can be by birth or naturalization.

For more information on citizenship variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021.

#### **Footnote 77**

'Canadian citizens' includes persons who are citizens of Canada only and persons who are citizens of Canada and at least one other country.

#### **Footnote 78**

'Not Canadian citizens' includes persons who are not citizens of Canada. They may be citizens of one or more other countries. Persons who are stateless are included in this category.

**Footnote 79**

'Immigrant status' refers to whether the person is a non-immigrant, an immigrant or a non-permanent resident.

'Period of immigration' refers to the period in which the immigrant first obtained landed immigrant or permanent resident status.

For more information on immigration variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021.

**Footnote 80**

'Non-immigrants' includes persons who are Canadian citizens by birth.

**Footnote 81**

'Immigrants' includes persons who are, or who have ever been, landed immigrants or permanent residents. Such persons have been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this category. In the 2021 Census of Population, 'Immigrants' includes immigrants who were admitted to Canada on or prior to May 11, 2021.

**Footnote 82**

Includes immigrants who were admitted to Canada on or prior to May 11, 2021.

**Footnote 83**

'Non-permanent residents' includes persons from another country with a usual place of residence in Canada and who have a work or study permit or who have claimed refugee status (asylum claimants). Family members living with work or study permit holders are also included, unless these family members are already Canadian citizens, landed immigrants or permanent residents.

**Footnote 84**

'Age at immigration' refers to the age at which an immigrant first obtained landed immigrant or permanent resident status.

'Immigrants' includes persons who are, or who have ever been, landed immigrants or permanent residents. Such persons have been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this category. In the 2021 Census of Population, 'Immigrants' includes immigrants who were admitted to Canada on or prior to May 11, 2021.

For more information on immigration variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021.

#### **Footnote 85**

'Immigrant' refers to a person who is, or who has ever been, a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group. In the 2021 Census of Population, 'Immigrants' includes immigrants who were admitted to Canada on or prior to May 11, 2021.

The places of birth selected are the most frequently reported by immigrants at the Canada level.

'Place of birth' refers to the name of the geographic location where the person was born. The geographic location is specified according to geographic boundaries current at the time of data collection, not the geographic boundaries at the time of birth. In the 2021 Census of Population, the geographic location refers to a country or area of interest if the person was born outside Canada.

For more information on the place of birth variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021.

#### **Footnote 86**

Serbia excludes Kosovo.

#### **Footnote 87**

The official name of United Kingdom is United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. United Kingdom includes Scotland, Wales, England and Northern Ireland (excludes Isle of Man, the Channel Islands and British Overseas Territories).

#### **Footnote 88**

The official name of Iran is Islamic Republic of Iran.

#### **Footnote 89**

The official name of Syria is Syrian Arab Republic.

#### **Footnote 90**

China excludes Hong Kong and Macao.

**Footnote 91**

The full name of Hong Kong is the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of China.

**Footnote 92**

The official name of South Korea is Republic of Korea.

**Footnote 93**

The category 'Oceania and other' includes places of birth in Oceania and responses not included elsewhere, such as 'born at sea.'

**Footnote 94**

'Recent immigrant' refers to an immigrant who first obtained his or her landed immigrant or permanent resident status between January 1, 2016 and May 11, 2021.

'Immigrant' refers to a person who is, or who has ever been, a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group.

The places of birth selected are the most frequently reported by recent immigrants at the Canada level.

'Place of birth' refers to the name of the geographic location where the person was born. The geographic location is specified according to geographic boundaries current at the time of data collection, not the geographic boundaries at the time of birth. In the 2021 Census of Population, the geographic location refers to a country or area of interest if the person was born outside Canada.

For more information on the place of birth variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021.

**Footnote 95**

The official name of Venezuela is Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela.

**Footnote 96**

Ireland is also referred to as Republic of Ireland.

**Footnote 97**

The full name of Sudan is the Republic of the Sudan.

**Footnote 98**

The category 'Other places of birth' includes other places of birth in Oceania and responses not included elsewhere, such as 'born at sea.'

**Footnote 99**

'Generation status' refers to whether or not the person or the person's parents were born in Canada. For more information on generation status variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021.

**Footnote 100**

'First generation' includes persons who were born outside Canada. For the most part, these are people who are now, or once were, immigrants to Canada.

**Footnote 101**

'Second generation' includes persons who were born in Canada and had at least one parent born outside Canada. For the most part, these are the children of immigrants.

**Footnote 102**

'Third generation or more' includes persons who were born in Canada with all parents born in Canada.

**Footnote 103**

'Admission category' refers to the name of the immigration program or group of programs under which an immigrant has been granted for the first time the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities.

'Applicant type' refers to whether an immigrant was identified as the principal applicant, the spouse or the dependant on their application for permanent residence.

'Immigrant' refers to a person who is, or who has ever been, a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group. In the 2021 Census of Population, data on admission category and applicant type are available for immigrants who were admitted to Canada between January 1, 1980 and May 11, 2021.

For more information on immigration variables, including information on their classifications, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021.

#### **Footnote 104**

'Economic immigrants' includes immigrants who have been selected for their ability to contribute to Canada's economy through their ability to meet labour market needs, to own and manage or to build a business, to make a substantial investment, to create their own employment or to meet specific provincial or territorial labour market needs.

#### **Footnote 105**

'Principal applicants' includes immigrants who were identified as the principal applicant on their application for permanent residence.

#### **Footnote 106**

'Secondary applicants' includes immigrants who were identified as the married spouse, the common-law or conjugal partner or the dependant of the principal applicant on their application for permanent residence.

#### **Footnote 107**

'Immigrants sponsored by family' includes immigrants who were sponsored by a Canadian citizen or permanent resident and were granted permanent resident status on the basis of their relationship either as the spouse, partner, parent, grand-parent, child or other relative of this sponsor. The terms 'family class' or 'family reunification' are sometimes used to refer to this category.

#### **Footnote 108**

'Refugees' includes immigrants who were granted permanent resident status on the basis of a well-founded fear of returning to their home country. This category includes persons who had a well-founded fear of persecution for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership in particular social group or for political opinion (Geneva Convention refugees) as well as persons who had been seriously and personally affected by civil war or armed conflict, or have suffered a massive violation of human rights. Some refugees were in Canada when they applied for refugee protection for themselves and their family members (either with them in Canada or abroad). Others were abroad and were referred for resettlement to Canada by the United Nations Refugee Agency, another designated referral organization or private sponsors.

#### **Footnote 109**

'Other immigrants' includes immigrants who were granted permanent resident status under a program that

does not fall under the economic immigrants, the immigrants sponsored by family or the refugee categories.

#### **Footnote 110**

'Pre-admission experience' refers to the category under which an immigrant was authorized to enter Canada for temporary residence purposes before admission as a landed immigrant or permanent resident.

In the 2021 Census of Population, data on pre-admission experience are available for immigrants who were admitted to Canada between January 1, 1980, and May 11, 2021.

'Immigrant' refers to a person who is, or who has ever been, a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group.

For more information on immigration variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021.

#### **Footnote 111**

This category includes immigrants who had an asylum claim before admission as a landed immigrant or permanent resident. This category includes immigrants who had an asylum claim with a work and/or study permit before admission.

#### **Footnote 112**

This category includes immigrants who had a work permit only before admission as a landed immigrant or permanent resident. A work permit is a document issued by Immigration, Refugees and Citizenship Canada that authorizes a person to work on a temporary basis in Canada. Work permits set out conditions for the worker, such as the type of work and employer, location of work, and timeline of work.

#### **Footnote 113**

This category includes immigrants who had a study permit only before admission as a landed immigrant or permanent resident. A study permit is a document issued by Immigration, Refugees and Citizenship Canada that authorizes a person to study at an educational institution in Canada for the duration of the program of study.

#### **Footnote 114**

This category includes immigrants who had both a work and a study permit before admission as a landed immigrant or permanent resident.

#### **Footnote 115**

This category includes immigrants who had a permit other than a work permit, study permit, or asylum claim before admission as a landed immigrant or permanent resident.

#### **Footnote 116**

This category includes immigrants who did not have a permit for temporary residence purposes before admission as a landed immigrant or permanent resident.

#### **Footnote 117**

'Visible minority' refers to whether a person is a visible minority or not, as defined by the *Employment Equity Act*. The *Employment Equity Act* defines visible minorities as "persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour." The visible minority population consists mainly of the following groups: South Asian, Chinese, Black, Filipino, Arab, Latin American, Southeast Asian, West Asian, Korean and Japanese.

In 2021 Census analytical and communications products, the term "visible minority" has been replaced by the terms "racialized population" or "racialized groups", reflecting the increased use of these terms in the public sphere.

For more information on visible minority and population group variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Visible Minority and Population Group Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021.

#### **Footnote 118**

In 2021 Census analytical and communications products, the term "visible minority" has been replaced by the terms "racialized population" or "racialized groups", reflecting the increased use of these terms in the public sphere.

#### **Footnote 119**

The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes persons who provided responses that are classified as a visible minority, but that cannot be classified with a specific visible minority group. Such responses include, for example, "Guyanese," "Pacific Islander," "Polynesian," "Tibetan" and "West Indian."

#### **Footnote 120**

In 2021 Census analytical and communications products, this category is referred to as "the rest of the population."

#### **Footnote 121**

'Ethnic or cultural origin' refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the person's ancestors. Ancestors may have Indigenous origins, origins that refer to different countries or other origins that may not refer to different countries.

The sum of the ethnic or cultural origins in this table is greater than the total population estimate because a person may report more than one ethnic or cultural origin in the census.

The ethnic groups selected are the most frequently reported at the Canada level.

For more information on ethnic or cultural origin variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Ethnic or Cultural Origin Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021.

#### **Footnote 122**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating French origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "French").

#### **Footnote 123**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating British Isles origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "British," "United Kingdom").

#### **Footnote 124**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Caucasian (White) origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Caucasian").

#### **Footnote 125**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating First Nations (North American Indian) origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "First Nations," "North American Indian").

#### **Footnote 126**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating European origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "European").

#### **Footnote 127**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating African origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "African").

**Footnote 128**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Arab origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Arab").

**Footnote 129**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Asian origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Asian").

**Footnote 130**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Cree origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Cree").

**Footnote 131**

The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes responses indicating Christian origins, not included elsewhere (e.g., "Christian," "Baptist," "Catholic").

**Footnote 132**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating North American Indigenous origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Aboriginal," "Indigenous").

**Footnote 133**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating South Asian origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "South Asian").

**Footnote 134**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Mi'kmaq origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Mi'kmaq").

**Footnote 135**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Northern European origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Northern European," "Scandinavian").

**Footnote 136**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Latin, Central or South American origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Latin American," "South American").

#### **Footnote 137**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Black origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Black").

#### **Footnote 138**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Inuit origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Inuit").

#### **Footnote 139**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Eastern European origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Eastern European").

#### **Footnote 140**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating East or Southeast Asian origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "East Asian," "Southeast Asian").

#### **Footnote 141**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating West or Central Asian or Middle Eastern origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Central Asian," "Middle Eastern," "West Asian").

#### **Footnote 142**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Caribbean origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Caribbean").

#### **Footnote 143**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating West Indian origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "West Indian").

#### **Footnote 144**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Hispanic origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Hispanic").

#### **Footnote 145**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Western European origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Western European").

#### **Footnote 146**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Czechoslovakian origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Czechoslovakian").

#### **Footnote 147**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Yugoslavian origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Yugoslavian").

#### **Footnote 148**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Slavic origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Slavic").

#### **Footnote 149**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Innu origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Innu," "Montagnais").

#### **Footnote 150**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Celtic origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Celtic").

#### **Footnote 151**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating North American origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "North American").

#### **Footnote 152**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Dene

origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Dene").

#### **Footnote 153**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Blackfoot origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Blackfoot").

#### **Footnote 154**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Iroquoian (Haudenosaunee) origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Iroquois," "Haudenosaunee").

#### **Footnote 155**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating North African origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "North African").

#### **Footnote 156**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Southern or East African origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "East African").

#### **Footnote 157**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Anishinaabe origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Anishinaabe").

#### **Footnote 158**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Bantu origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Bantu").

#### **Footnote 159**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Akan origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Akan").

#### **Footnote 160**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Central or West African origins, not otherwise specified (e.g., "Central African," "West African").

**Footnote 161**

'Religion' refers to the person's self-identification as having a connection or affiliation with any religious denomination, group, body, or other religiously defined community or system of belief. Religion is not limited to formal membership in a religious organization or group. This variable shows the aggregated responses to the religion question. For infants or children, religion refers to the specific religious group or denomination in which they are being raised, if any. Persons without a religious connection or affiliation can self-identify as atheist, agnostic or humanist, or can provide another applicable response. For more information on religion variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Religion Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021.

**Footnote 162**

The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses of "Christian," not otherwise specified (e.g., "Christian," "Christianity").

**Footnote 163**

Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 11, 2021, in relation to the place of residence on the same date one year earlier at the provincial level. Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers. Movers include non-migrants and migrants. Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city, town, township, village or Indian reserve. Migrants include internal migrants, who moved to a different city, town, township, village or Indian reserve within Canada. External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date.

**Footnote 164**

Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 11, 2021, in relation to the place of residence on the same date five years earlier at the provincial level. Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers. Movers include non-migrants and migrants. Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city, town, township, village or Indian reserve. Migrants include internal migrants, who moved to a different city, town, township, village or Indian reserve within Canada. External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date.

**Footnote 165**

For information on data quality for this variable, refer to the Education Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021, Catalogue no. 98-500-X2021013.

**Footnote 166**

This includes all persons with a high school diploma or equivalency certificate, regardless of whether they also completed a postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree.

#### **Footnote 167**

'High (secondary) school diploma or equivalency certificate' includes only people who have this as their highest educational credential. It excludes persons with a postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree.

#### **Footnote 168**

'Non-apprenticeship trades certificate or diploma' includes trades certificates or diplomas such as pre-employment or vocational certificates and diplomas from brief trade programs completed at colleges, institutes of technology, vocational centres and similar institutions. It also includes qualifications from vocational training programs in the province of Quebec such as the Diplôme d'études professionnelles (DEP)/Diploma of Vocational Studies (DVS).

#### **Footnote 169**

'Apprenticeship certificate' includes Certificates of Apprenticeship, Certificates of Qualification and Journey person's designations.

#### **Footnote 170**

College, CEGEP and other non-university certificates and diplomas obtained from programs that are typically completed in less than three months are not included in this category.

#### **Footnote 171**

'Earned doctorate' does not include honorary doctorates.

#### **Footnote 172**

This variable shows the 'Variant of CIP 2021 - Alternative primary groupings,' with the hierarchy of the primary groupings and two-digit series. When a primary grouping contains more than one subseries from series '30. Multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary studies,' these subseries are grouped together. An exception is made for '30.01 Biological and physical sciences' due to its large size. For more information on the CIP classification, see the Classification of Instructional Programs, Canada, 2021. For information on classification and data quality for this variable, refer to the Education Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021, Catalogue no. 98-500-X2021013.

#### **Footnote 173**

'No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree' is made up of persons who have not completed any credentials above a high school diploma.

#### **Footnote 174**

Includes '30.13 Medieval and renaissance studies,' '30.21 Holocaust and related studies,' '30.22 Classical and ancient studies,' '30.29 Maritime studies,' '30.45 History and language/literature,' '30.47 Linguistics and anthropology,' '30.51 Integrated philosophy, politics, and economics,' '30.52 Digital humanities and textual studies,' and '30.53 Thanatology.'

#### **Footnote 175**

Includes '30.05 Peace studies and conflict resolution,' '30.11 Gerontology,' '30.14 Museology/museum studies,' '30.15 Science, technology and society,' '30.17 Behavioural sciences,' '30.20 International/globalization studies,' '30.23 Intercultural/multicultural and diversity studies,' '30.25 Cognitive science,' '30.26 Cultural studies/critical theory and analysis,' '30.28 Dispute resolution,' '30.31 Human computer interaction,' '30.33 Sustainability studies,' '30.34 Anthrozoology,' '30.36 Cultural studies and comparative literature,' '30.40 Economics and foreign language/literature,' '30.44 Geography and environmental studies,' and '30.46 History and political science.'

#### **Footnote 176**

Includes '30.10 Biopsychology,' '30.18 Natural sciences,' '30.19 Nutrition sciences,' '30.27 Human biology,' '30.32 Marine sciences,' '30.35 Climate science,' '30.38 Earth systems science,' '30.41 Environmental geosciences,' '30.42 Geoarchaeology,' '30.43 Geobiology,' and '30.50 Mathematics and atmospheric/oceanic science.'

#### **Footnote 177**

Includes '30.06 Systems science and theory,' '30.08 Mathematics and computer science,' '30.30 Computational science,' '30.39 Economics and computer science,' '30.48 Linguistics and computer science,' '30.49 Mathematical economics,' '30.70 Data science' and '30.71 Data analytics.'

#### **Footnote 178**

Veterinary medicine, veterinary science, veterinary technology, and veterinary administrative support services, which were included in series '51. Health professions and related programs' in CIP 2016, are now included in series '01. Agricultural and veterinary sciences/services/operations and related fields' in CIP 2021.

#### **Footnote 179**

Includes '30.00 Inclusive postsecondary education' and '30.99 Multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary studies, other.'

**Footnote 180**

For information on classification and data quality for this variable, refer to the Education Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021, Catalogue no. 98-500-X2021013.

**Footnote 181**

'Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree' includes 'apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma,' 'college, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma' and university certificates, diplomas and degrees.

**Footnote 182**

The location of study is not compared with the location of residence for persons who studied outside Canada. The locations of study outside Canada that are listed here are those which were the most frequently reported at the Canada level.

**Footnote 183**

The official name of Moldova is Republic of Moldova.

**Footnote 184**

Refers to whether a person aged 15 years and over was employed, unemployed or not in the labour force during the week of Sunday, May 2 to Saturday, May 8, 2021.

For information on the comparability of the 2021 Census labour force status data with those of the Labour Force Survey, see Appendix 2.11 of the Dictionary, Census of Population, 2021.

**Footnote 185**

Refers to the number of weeks in which a person aged 15 years and over worked for pay or in self-employment in 2020 at all jobs held, even if only for a few hours, and whether these weeks were mostly full time (30 hours or more per week) or mostly part time (less than 30 hours per week).

**Footnote 186**

Includes persons aged 15 years and over who never worked, persons who worked prior to 2020 and persons who worked in 2021, but not in 2020.

**Footnote 187**

Includes persons aged 15 years and over who worked full year (49 weeks and over) and mostly full time (30

hours or more per week) in 2020.

#### **Footnote 188**

Includes persons aged 15 years and over who worked full year mostly part time or part year either mostly full time or mostly part time in 2020. Part year is less than 49 weeks and part time is less than 30 hours per week.

#### **Footnote 189**

Class of worker including job permanency refers to whether a person is a paid employee or is self-employed. Employees' positions are further classified as either permanent or temporary.

#### **Footnote 190**

Includes unemployed persons aged 15 years and over who have never worked for pay or in self-employment, or who had last worked prior to January 1, 2020.

#### **Footnote 191**

Includes persons aged 15 years and over in the labour force who have worked at some point in time between January 1, 2020 and May 8, 2021.

#### **Footnote 192**

Includes self-employed persons aged 15 years and over with or without an incorporated business and with or without paid help, as well as unpaid family workers.

#### **Footnote 193**

Refers to the kind of work performed by persons aged 15 years and over as determined by their kind of work and the description of the main activities in their job. The occupation data are produced according to the National Occupational Classification [NOC] 2021 Version 1.0.

#### **Footnote 194**

Refers to the general nature of the business carried out in the establishment where the person worked. The industry data are produced according to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Canada 2017 Version 3.0.

#### **Footnote 195**

"All languages used at work" refers to all languages that the person uses in their job on a regular basis.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021.

#### **Footnote 196**

Language used most often at work refers to the language the person uses most often at work. A person can report more than one language as "used most often at work" if the languages are used equally often.

n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

n.o.s. = not otherwise specified

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021.

#### **Footnote 197**

"Other language(s) used regularly at work" refers to the languages, if any, that the person uses in their job on a regular basis, other than the language or languages they use most often at work.

Comparisons to previous census data is not recommended for the 'Other languages used regularly at work' variable.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021.

#### **Footnote 198**

Place of work status refers to whether a person worked at home, worked outside Canada, had no fixed workplace address, or worked at a specific address (usual place of work).

#### **Footnote 199**

Commuting destination refers to whether or not a person commutes to another municipality (i.e., census subdivision), another census division or another province or territory. Commuting refers to the travel of a person to their usual place of work.

#### **Footnote 200**

Main mode of commuting refers to the main mode of transportation a person uses to travel to their place of work.

The census assumes that the commute to work originates from the usual place of residence, but this may not always be the case. Sometimes, respondents may be on a business trip and may have reported their place of work or main mode of commuting based on where they were working during the trip. Some persons maintain a residence close to work and commute to their home on weekends. Students often work after school at a location near their school. As a result, the data may show unusual commutes or unusual main modes of commuting.

#### **Footnote 201**

Commuting duration refers to the length of time, in minutes, usually required by a person to travel to their place of work.

#### **Footnote 202**

Time leaving for work refers to the time of day at which a person usually leaves to go to their place of work.

#### **Footnote 203**

Eligibility for instruction in the minority official language indicates whether a child is eligible for instruction at the primary and secondary levels in English in Quebec or in French in Canada outside Quebec, pursuant to the *Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms'* criteria, except citizenship.

In the 2021 Census, the child eligible for instruction in the minority official language is younger than 18 years of age on December 31, 2020.

More information on the variables related to instruction in the minority official language, including definitions, concepts and classifications, the questions from which they are derived and data quality can be found in the *Instruction in the Minority Official Language Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021*, and the *Minority language educational rights: Technical report on changes for the 2021 Census*.

#### **Footnote 204**

Eligibility for instruction in the minority official language indicates whether a child is eligible for instruction at the primary and secondary levels in English in Quebec or in French in Canada outside Quebec, pursuant to the *Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms'* criteria, except citizenship.

In the 2021 Census, the child eligible for instruction in the minority official language is younger than 18 years of age on December 31, 2020. However, the total population for this profile is school-aged children born between 2003 and 2015 (inclusive), representing children 5 to 17 years of age on December 31, 2020.

For residents of Quebec, instruction in the minority official language at the primary or secondary level in Canada refers to children who have been instructed, for at least one year, in an English-language school (including in a French immersion program in an English-language school) at the primary or secondary level in Canada. For residents of Canada outside Quebec, it refers to children who have been instructed, for at least one year, in a regular French program in a French-language school (excluding in a French immersion program in an English-language school) at the primary or secondary level in Canada.

More information on the variables related to instruction in the minority official language, including definitions, concepts and classifications, the questions from which they are derived and data quality can be found in the Instruction in the Minority Official Language Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2021, and the Minority language educational rights: Technical report on changes for the 2021 Census.

**Date modified:**

2022-12-06